SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form: Mixture
Other means of identification: Mixture of hydrogen sulfide 23.74% to 32% in nitrogen

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture: Industrial use. Use as directed.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Praxair, Inc.
39 Old Ridgebury Road
Danbury, CT 06810-5113 - USA
T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146
www.praxair.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number: Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633
CHEMTREC, 24 hr/day 7 days/week — Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification
Flam. Gas 1 H220
Compressed gas H280
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas) H331
Aquatic Acute 1 H400

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labelling
Hazard pictograms (GHS-US): 

Signal word (GHS-US): DANGER
Hazard statements (GHS-US): 
H220 - EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS
H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED
H331 - TOXIC IF INHALED
H400 - VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE
OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION.
CGA-HG10 - ASPHYXIATING EVEN WITH ADEQUATE OXYGEN.

Precautionary statements (GHS-US): 
P210 - Keep away from Heat, Hot surfaces, Open flames, Sparks. - No smoking
P261 - Avoid breathing gas
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P311 - Call a doctor
P321 - Specific treatment (see First aid measures on this label)
P377 - Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely
P381 - Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so
P391 - Collect spillage
P233 - Keep container tightly closed.
P405 - Store locked up
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container supplier/owner instructions.
CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F).

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2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification: Asphyxiant in high concentrations.

Chemical asphyxiant. Exposure to low concentrations for extended periods may result in dizziness or unconsciousness, and may lead to death.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Product identifier</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nitrogen (CAS No)</td>
<td>7727-37-9</td>
<td>68%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydrogen sulfide (CAS No)</td>
<td>7783-06-4</td>
<td>23.74% - 32%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation: Immediately remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, qualified personnel may give oxygen. Call a physician.

First-aid measures after eye contact: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an ophthalmologist immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical assistance.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, Dry chemical, Water spray or fog. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard: EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS.

Explosion hazard: EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS. Forms explosive mixtures with air and oxidizing agents.

Reactivity: No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions: Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.

Protection during firefighting: Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen. DANGER! Flammable, high pressure gas.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters: Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.

Other information: Containers are equipped with a pressure relief device. (Exceptions may exist where authorized by DOT.).
SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures: If venting or leaking gas catches fire, do not extinguish flames. Flammable vapors may spread from leak, creating an explosive reignition hazard. Vapors can be ignited by pilot lights, other flames, smoking, sparks, heaters, electrical equipment, static discharge, or other ignition sources at locations distant from product handling point. Explosive atmospheres may linger. Before entering an area, especially a confined area, check the atmosphere with an appropriate device.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel
No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders
No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions
Try to stop release. Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Prevent soil and water pollution. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
No additional information available

6.4. Reference to other sections
See also sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling:

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Use only explosion-proof equipment.

Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g., wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions: 
Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Post “No Smoking” or “Open Flames” signs in storage and use areas. There must be no sources of ignition. Separate packages and protect against potential fire and/or explosion damage following appropriate codes and requirements (e.g., NFPA 30, NFPA 55, NFPA 70, and/or NFPA 221 in the U.S.) or according to requirements determined by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Always secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand when the container is not in use. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods. For other precautions in using this product, see section 18.

Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
<th>ACGIH TLV-TWA (ppm)</th>
<th>1 ppm</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td></td>
<td>ACGIH TLV-STE (ppm)</td>
<td>5 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USA OSHA</td>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)</td>
<td>20 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nitrogen (7727-37-9)</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
<th>Not established</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>USA OSHA</td>
<td></td>
<td>Not established</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls: Use an explosion-proof local exhaust system. Local exhaust and general ventilation must be adequate to meet exposure standards. MECHANICAL (GENERAL): Inadequate - Use only in a closed system. Use explosion proof equipment and lighting. Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available).

Eye protection: Wear safety glasses when handling cylinders; vapor-proof goggles and a face shield during cylinder changeout or whenever contact with product is possible. Select eye protection in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133.

Skin and body protection: Wear metatarsal shoes and work gloves for cylinder handling, and protective clothing where needed. Wear appropriate chemical gloves during cylinder changeout or wherever contact with product is possible. Select per OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, 1910.136, and 1910.138.

Respiratory protection: When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure (e.g., an organic vapor cartridge). For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Thermal hazard protection: Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.
SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical state</td>
<td>Gas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>Colourless</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative evaporation rate (butyrate-1)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative evaporation rate (ether-1)</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapour density at 20 °C</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility</td>
<td>Water: No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Log Pow</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Log Kow</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity, kinematic</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity, dynamic</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidising properties</td>
<td>None.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive limits</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No additional information available

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No additional information available

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity: Inhalation: gas: TOXIC IF INHALED.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>NI - Hydrogen Sulfide 23.74% - 32%</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ATE US (gases)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)</td>
<td>0.99 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)</td>
<td>356 ppm/4h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATE US (gases)</td>
<td>356.000 ppmv/4h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATE US (vapours)</td>
<td>0.990 mg/l/4h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATE US (dust,mist)</td>
<td>0.990 mg/l/4h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Skin corrosion/irritation: Not classified

Serious eye damage/irritation: Not classified

Respiratory or skin sensitisation: Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Reproductive toxicity: Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure): Not classified

Aspiration hazard: Not classified

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity

**Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LC50 fish 1</td>
<td>0.0448 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [flow-through])</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50 fish 2</td>
<td>0.016 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

**NI - Hydrogen Sulfide 23.74% - 32%**

Persistence and degradability: No ecological damage caused by this product.

**Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)**

Persistence and degradability: No data available.

**Nitrogen (7727-37-9)**

Persistence and degradability: No applicable for inorganic gases.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

**NI - Hydrogen Sulfide 23.74% - 32%**

Log Pow: Not applicable.

Log Kow: Not applicable.

Bioaccumulative potential: No ecological damage caused by this product.

**Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)**

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available.

**Nitrogen (7727-37-9)**

Log Pow: Not applicable.

Log Kow: Not applicable.

Bioaccumulative potential: No ecological damage caused by this product.
12.4. Mobility in soil

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NI - Hydrogen Sulfide 23.74% - 32%</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mobility in soil</td>
<td>No data available.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mobility in soil</th>
<th>No data available.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ecology - soil</td>
<td>Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Nitrogen (7727-37-9)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mobility in soil</th>
<th>No data available.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ecology - soil</td>
<td>No ecological damage caused by this product.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : None.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods : Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return container to supplier.

Waste disposal recommendations : Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return container to supplier.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1953 Compressed gas, toxic, flammable, n.o.s. Inhalation Hazard Zone C

UN-No. (DOT) : UN1953

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Compressed gas, toxic, flammable, n.o.s. Inhalation Hazard Zone C

Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.1 - Flammable gas
2.3 - Poison gas

DOT Symbols : G - Identifies proper shipping name (PSN) requiring the addition of technical name(s) in parentheses following the PSN.

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : 3 - This material is poisonous by inhalation (see 171.8 of this subchapter) in Hazard Zone C (see 173.116(a) of this subchapter), and must be described as an inhalation hazard under the provisions of this subchapter.

B14 - Each bulk packaging, except a tank car or a multi-unit-tank car tank, must be insulated with an insulating material so that the overall thermal conductance at 15.5 C (60 F) is no more than 1.5333 kilojoules per hour per square meter per degree Celsius (0.075 Btu per hour per square foot per degree Fahrenheit) temperature differential. Insulating materials must not promote corrosion to steel when wet.

Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:

- Ensure there is adequate ventilation.
- Ensure that containers are firmly secured.
- Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking.
- Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted.
- Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1953

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : COMPRESSED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.

Class (IMDG) : 2.3 - Toxic gases
### Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 1953  
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : COMPRESSED GAS, TOXIC, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.  
Class (IATA) : 2

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

**Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)**

- Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory
- Listed on the United States SARA Section 302
- Listed on United States SARA Section 313

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)</th>
<th>500</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting</td>
<td>1.0 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 15.2. International regulations

**CANADA**

**Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)**

- Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

**Nitrogen (7727-37-9)**

- Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

**EU-Regulations**

**Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)**

- Listed on the EEC Inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

#### 15.2.2. National regulations

**Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)**

- Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)
- Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)
- Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory
- Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)
- Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
- Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)
- Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

#### 15.3. US State regulations

**NI - Hydrogen Sulfide 23.74% - 32%**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List</th>
<th>No</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List</th>
<th>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity</th>
<th>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female</th>
<th>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male</th>
<th>No significance risk level (NSRL)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List</th>
<th>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity</th>
<th>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female</th>
<th>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male</th>
<th>No significance risk level (NSRL)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SECTION 16: Other information

Other information: When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

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SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - PDI

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.