1 Identification

- Product identifier
- Trade name: Solar Flux® Type B
- Other means of identification:
- SDS Number: 0082
- Recommended use and restriction on use
  - Recommended use: Powder flux for welding
  - Restrictions on use: No relevant information available.
- Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information
  - Manufacturer/Supplier:
    Harris Products Group
    4501 Quality Place
    Mason, Ohio 45040 US
    513-754-2000
- Safety Data Sheet Questions: salesinfo@jwharris.com
- Arc Welding Safety Information: www.lincolnelectric.com/safety
- 24-Hour Emergency Response Telephone Numbers:
  - 1-866-519-4752 (USA, Canada, Mexico only)
  - (+) 1-760-476-3962
- 3E Company Access Code: 333895

2 Hazard(s) identification

Classified according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS), OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations.

- Classification of the substance or mixture

  GHS08 Health hazard

  Carc. 1A  H350  May cause cancer.

  Additional information:
  There are no other hazards not otherwise classified that have been identified.

  0 % of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown toxicity.

- Label elements

- GHS label elements
  The product is classified and labeled according to the Globally Harmonized System (GHS).
Trade name: Solar Flux® Type B

- **Hazard pictograms:**
  - GHS08

- **Signal word:** Danger

- **Hazard-determining components of labeling:**
  - Quartz (SiO2)

- **Hazard statements:**
  - H350 May cause cancer.

- **Precautionary statements:**
  - P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
  - P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
  - P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection.
  - P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
  - P405 Store locked up.
  - P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

- **Additional information:**
  - **Other hazards which do not result in GHS classification:**
    Electrical Shock can kill. If welding must be performed in damp locations or with wet clothing, on metal structures or when in cramped positions such as sitting, kneeling or lying, or if there is a high risk of unavoidable or accidental contact with workpiece, use the following equipment: Semiautomatic DC Welder, DC Manual (Stick) Welder, or AC Welder with Reduced Voltage Control.

    Arc rays can injure eyes and burn skin. Welding arc and sparks can ignite combustibles and flammable materials. Overexposure to welding fumes and gases can be hazardous. Read and understand the manufacturer’s instructions, Safety Data Sheets and the precautionary labels before using this product. Refer to Section 8.

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>3 Composition/information on ingredients</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Chemical characterization:</strong> Mixture</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dangerous components:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14808-60-7 Quartz (SiO2)</td>
<td>6-12%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Additional information:**             | For the listed ingredient(s), the identity and exact percentage(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>4 First-aid measures</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Description of first aid measures</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>General information:</strong> Provide oxygen treatment if affected person has difficulty breathing.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Trade name: Solar Flux® Type B

- **After inhalation:**
  Move to fresh air if breathing is difficult. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration and obtain medical assistance at once.

- **After skin contact:**
  Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water. For reddened or blistered skin, or thermal burns, obtain medical assistance at once.

- **After eye contact:**
  Dust or fume from this product should be flushed from the eyes with copious amounts of clean, tepid water until transported to an emergency medical facility. Do not allow victim to rub or keep eyes tightly closed. Obtain medical assistance at once.

- **After swallowing:**
  Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.
  Do not induce vomiting; immediately call for medical help.

- **Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:**
  Nausea
  Gastric or intestinal disorders when ingested.
  Breathing difficulty
  Coughing

- **Danger:**
  Carcinogenic.
  Welding hazards are complex and may include physical and health hazards such as but not limited to electric shock, physical strains, radiation burns (eye flash), thermal burns due to hot metal or spatter and potential health effects of overexposure to welding fume or dust. Refer to Section 11 for more information.

- **Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:** Treat symptomatically.

### 5 Fire-fighting measures

- **Extinguishing media**
- **Suitable extinguishing agents:**
  As shipped, the product will not burn. In case of fire in the surroundings: use appropriate extinguishing agent.

- For metal fires: Use specific agents only.
- **For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents:** For metal fires: Use specific agents only.

- **Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**
  Infrared radiation from flame or hot metal can ignite combustibles and flammable products.

- **Advice for firefighters**
  - **Special fire fighting procedures:**
    Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

  - **Protective equipment:**
    Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.
    Wear fully protective suit.

  **Additional information:**
6 Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
  If airborne dust and/or fume is present, use adequate engineering controls and, if needed, personal protection to prevent overexposure. Refer to recommendations in Section 8.
- Environmental precautions:
  Avoid release to the environment.
  Damp down dust with water spray.
  Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:
  Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the personal protective equipment in Section 8.
  Avoid generating dust. Prevent product from entering any drains, sewers or water sources.
  Pick up mechanically.
  Send for recovery or disposal in suitable receptacles.
- Reference to other sections:
  See Section 7 for information on safe handling.
  See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.
  See Section 13 for disposal information.

7 Handling and storage

- Handling
  - Precautions for safe handling:
    Avoid breathing dust.
    Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.
    Any deposit of dust which cannot be avoided must be regularly removed.
- Information about protection against explosions and fires: No special measures required.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
  - Storage
    - Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:
      Store in closed original container in a dry place. Store away from incompatible materials. Store in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.
      - Information about storage in one common storage facility: No special requirements.
      - Further information about storage conditions: No special requirements.
      - Specific end use(s): No relevant information available.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

- Additional information about design of technical systems: No further data; see item 7.
Safety Data Sheet
acc. to OSHA GHS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Printing date 12/23/2015
Reviewed on 12/23/2015

Trade name: Solar Flux® Type B

(Cont’d. of page 4)

**Control parameters**

**Exposure Guidelines:**
Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) and Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs) are values published by the American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). ACGIH Statement of Positions Regarding the TLVs® and BEIs® states that the TLV-TWA should be used as a guide in the control of health hazards and should not be used to indicate a fine line between safe and dangerous exposures. See Sections 2, 3, 8, 10, and 11 for information on potential fume constituents of health interest. Threshold Limit Values are figures published by the American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>14808-60-7 Quartz (SiO2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PEL (USA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REL (USA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TLV (USA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EL (Canada)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH A2; IARC 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EV (Canada)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>LMPE (Mexico)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Exposure controls**
- **Personal protective equipment:**
- **General protective and hygienic measures:**
The usual precautionary measures for handling chemicals should be followed. Determine the composition and quantity of fumes and gases to which workers are exposed by taking an air sample from inside the welder's helmet if worn or in the worker's breathing zone. Improve ventilation if exposures are not below limits. See ANSI/AWS F1.1, F1.2, F1.3 and F1.5, available from the American Welding Society, www.aws.org.
- Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.
- **Engineering controls:** No relevant information available.
- **Ventilation**
- Use enough ventilation, local exhaust at the arc, or both to keep the fumes and gases from the worker's breathing zone and the general area. Train the welder to keep his head out of the fumes. Keep exposure as low as possible.
- **Breathing equipment:**
- Particulate mask should filter at least 99% of airborne particles. Keep your head out of fumes. Use enough ventilation and local exhaust to keep fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area. An approved respirator should be used unless exposure assessments are below applicable exposure limits.
- **Protection of hands:**
- Thermally-protective gloves.
- Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

(Cont’d. on page 6)
### 9 Physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Information on basic physical and chemical properties</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appearance:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Form: Powder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color: Silver-colored</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor: Odorless</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor threshold: Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH-value: Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change in condition:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/Melting range: Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point/Boiling range: 1682 °C (3060 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point: Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gaseous): Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature: Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature: Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto igniting: Product is not self-igniting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Danger of explosion: Product does not present an explosion hazard.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosion limits:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower: Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper: Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure: Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density: 2.2 g/cm³ (18.359 lbs/gal)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density: Not determined.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor density: Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate: Not applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility in / Miscibility with: Water: Partly soluble.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Cont'd. on page 7)
Safety Data Sheet
acc. to OSHA GHS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Trade name: Solar Flux® Type B

(Cont'd. of page 6)

- Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not determined.
- Viscosity:
  - Dynamic: Not applicable.
  - Kinematic: Not applicable.
- Other information: No relevant information available.

10 Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity: The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
- Chemical stability: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:
  No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions:
  Reacts with strong acids and alkali.
  Reacts with strong oxidizing agents.
  As the product is supplied it is not capable of dust explosion; however enrichment with fine dust causes risk of dust explosion.
- Conditions to avoid: Prevent formation of dust.
- Incompatible materials: No relevant information available.
- Hazardous decomposition products:
  Hazardous decomposition welding fumes and gases cannot be classified simply. The composition and products: quantity of both are dependent upon the metal being welded, the process, procedure and electrodes used. Other conditions which also influence the composition and quantity of the fumes and gases to which workers may be exposed include: coatings on the metal being welded (such as paint, plating, or galvanizing), the number of welders and the volume of the worker area, the quality and amount of ventilation, the position of the welder's head with respect to the fume plume, as well as the presence of contaminants in the atmosphere (such as chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors from cleaning and degreasing activities.)

11 Toxicological information

- Information on likely routes of exposure
  - Ingestion: Possible route of exposure.
  - Inhalation:
    Potential chronic health hazards related to the use of welding consumables are most applicable to the inhalation route of exposure.
  - Skin Contact: Arc rays can burn skin. Skin cancer has been reported.
  - Eye Contact: Arc rays can injure eyes.
- Information on toxicological effects
  - Inhalation:
    Short-term (acute) overexposure to welding fumes may result in discomfort such as metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, or dryness or irritation of nose, throat, or eyes. May aggravate pre-existing respiratory problems (e.g. asthma, emphysema). Long-term (chronic) overexposure to welding fumes can lead to siderosis (iron deposits in lung), central nervous system effects, bronchitis and other pulmonary effects.

(Cont'd. on page 8)
Safety Data Sheet
acc. to OSHA GHS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Trade name: Solar Flux® Type B

- Acute toxicity:
  - LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification: None.
- Primary irritant effect:
  - On the skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
  - On the eye: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Sensitization: No sensitizing effects known.
- Carcinogenic categories

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer):</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>14808-60-7 Quartz (SiO2) 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NTP (National Toxicology Program):</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>14808-60-7 Quartz (SiO2) K</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OSHA-Ca (Occupational Safety &amp; Health Administration):</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>None of the ingredients are listed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Other information relevant to carcinogenicity
  - Cancerous lesions have been reported in persons exposed to arc rays.
- Repeated dose toxicity:
  - Repeated or long-term inhalation of product dusts may cause pulmonary disease.
- CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)
  - Carc. 1A
  - Germ cell mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
  - Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer.
- Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- STOT-single exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- STOT-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Aspiration hazard: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12 Ecological information

- Toxicity
  - Aquatic toxicity: No relevant information available.
  - Persistence and degradability: No relevant information available.
- Behavior in environmental systems
  - Bioaccumulative potential: No relevant information available.
  - Mobility in soil: No relevant information available.
- Additional ecological information
- General notes:
  - Due to available data on eliminability/decomposition and bioaccumulation potential, a prolonged damage of the environment is unlikely.
  - Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.
- Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
  - PBT: Not applicable.
  - vPvB: Not applicable.

(Cont'd. on page 9)
13 Disposal considerations

- Waste treatment methods
  - Recommendation: Contact waste processors for recycling information.
    The user of this material has the responsibility to dispose of unused material, residues and containers in compliance with all relevant local, state and federal laws and regulations regarding treatment, storage and disposal for hazardous and nonhazardous wastes.

- Uncleaned packagings
  - Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

14 Transport information

- UN-Number
  - DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA: Not regulated.

- UN proper shipping name
  - DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA: Not regulated.

- Transport hazard class(es)
  - DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA
    - Class: Not regulated.

- Packing group
  - DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA: Not regulated.

- Environmental hazards: Not applicable.

- Special precautions for user: Not applicable.

- Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code: Not applicable.

15 Regulatory information

- Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
  - US Federal Regulations
    - None of the ingredients are listed.

  - SARA
    - Section 313 (TRI reporting)
      - None of the ingredients are listed.

    - Section 355 (extremely hazardous substances):
      - None of the ingredients are listed.
**Trade name: Solar Flux® Type B**

(Cont'd. of page 9)

- **CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4):**
  None of the ingredients are listed.

- **TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act)**
  All ingredients are listed.

- **Clean Water Act Section 311 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 117.3)**
  None present or none present in regulated quantities.

- **Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130):**
  None present or none present in regulated quantities.

- **Proposition 65 (California)**

  **Chemicals known to cause cancer:**
  14808-60-7 Quartz (SiO2)

  **Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:**
  None of the ingredients are listed.

  **Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:**
  None of the ingredients are listed.

  **Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:**
  None of the ingredients are listed.

- **Carcinogenic categories**

  **EPA (Environmental Protection Agency):**
  None of the ingredients are listed.

  **NIOSH-Ca (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health):**
  14808-60-7 Quartz (SiO2)

- **State Right to Know Listings**

  **US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act**
  Quartz (SiO2)

  **Canada**

  **Canadian substance listings**

  **Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL):**
  All ingredients are listed.

  **Canada Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)**
  None of the ingredients are listed.

  **Canadian Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 0.1%):**
  None of the ingredients are listed.

  **Canadian Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 1%):**
  14808-60-7 Quartz (SiO2)

  **Chemical safety assessment:** A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

(Cont'd. on page 11)
16 Other information

- **Date of preparation / last revision**: 12/23/2015 / -

- **Abbreviations and acronyms:**
  - ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
  - IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
  - DOT: US Department of Transportation
  - IATA: International Air Transport Association
  - EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
  - ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
  - CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
  - DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)
  - PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)
  - LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent
  - LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent
  - PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
  - vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
  - OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health
  - Carc. 1A: Carcinogenicity, Hazard Category 1A

- **Sources**
  - Website, Chemical Abstracts Registry, American Chemical Society (https://www.cas.org)
  - Safety Data Sheets, Individual Manufacturers

- **SDS Prepared by:**
  - ChemTel Inc.
  - 1305 North Florida Avenue
  - Tampa, Florida USA 33602-2902
  - Toll Free North America 1-888-255-3924 Intl. +01 813-248-0573
  - Website: www.chemtelinc.com

- **Disclaimer:**
  We urge each end user and recipient of this SDS to study it carefully. If necessary consult an industrial hygienist or other expert to understand this information and safeguard the environment and protect workers from potential hazards associated with the handling or use of this product.

  Harris Products Group cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user’s responsibility to ensure safe conditions for use, handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.