SAFETY DATA SHEET
Methylamine

Section 1. Identification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>GHS product identifier</th>
<th>: Methylamine</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chemical name</td>
<td>: mono-Methylamine, gas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other means of identification</td>
<td>: Methanamine (methylamine)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product type</td>
<td>: Gas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product use</td>
<td>: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Synonym</td>
<td>: Methanamine (methylamine)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDS #</td>
<td>: 001034</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Supplier's details     | : Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates
259 North Radnor-Chester Road
Suite 100
Radnor, PA 19087-5283
1-610-687-5253 |
| 24-hour telephone      | : 1-866-734-3438 |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| OSHA/HCS status         | : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). |
| Classification of the substance or mixture | : FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |
| GHS label elements      | |
| Hazard pictograms       | |
| Signal word             | : Danger |
| Hazard statements       | : Extremely flammable gas.
May form explosive mixtures with air.
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.
Harmful if inhaled.
Causes serious eye damage.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |

Precautionary statements

| General                  | : Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS’S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Approach suspected leak area with caution. |
| Prevention               | : Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing gas. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. |
**Section 2. Hazards identification**

**Response**
- IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

**Storage**
- Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

**Disposal**
- Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Hazards not otherwise classified**
- In addition to any other important health or physical hazards, this product may displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

**Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance/mixture</th>
<th>Substance</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chemical name</td>
<td>mono-Methylamine, gas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other means of identification</td>
<td>Methanamine (methylamine)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product code</td>
<td>001034</td>
</tr>
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</table>

**CAS number/other identifiers**

- CAS number: 74-89-5

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>mono-methylamine</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>74-89-5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

**Section 4. First aid measures**

**Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact**
- Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

**Inhalation**
- Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Skin contact**
- Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion**
- As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.
Section 4. First aid measures

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: Causes serious eye damage. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Frostbite: Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

Ingestion: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain, watering, redness

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products: Decomposition products may include the following materials:
- carbon dioxide
- carbon monoxide
- nitrogen oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel
Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders
If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions
Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill
Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Large spill
Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures
Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.
Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Do not breathe gas.

Advice on general occupational hygiene
Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Eliminate all ignition sources. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F). Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits
**Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>mono-methylamine</td>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 6.4 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 19 mg/m³ 15 minutes.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Appropriate engineering controls**

- Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Environmental exposure controls**

- Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures**

- Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection**

- Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection**

- Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection**

- Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

**Other skin protection**

- Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**

- Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance**

- **Physical state**: Gas. ([NOTE: A LIQUID BELOW 21 F. SHIPPED AS A LIQUEFIED COMPRESSED GAS.])
- **Color**: Colorless.
- **Odor**: Fish or Ammonia like odor.
- **Odor threshold**: Not available.
- **pH**: Not applicable.
- **Melting point**: -93°C (-135.4°F)
- **Boiling point**: -6°C (21.2°F)
- **Critical temperature**: 340.85°C (645.5°F)
- **Flash point**: Not available.
- **Evaporation rate**: Not available.
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**: Not available.
- **Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits**: Lower: 4.9%; Upper: 20.7%
- **Vapor pressure**: 43.5 (psia)
- **Vapor density**: 1.07 (Air = 1)
- **Specific Volume (ft³/lb)**: 12.4688
- **Gas Density (lb/ft³)**: 0.0802 (20°C / 68 to °F)
- **Relative density**: Not applicable.
- **Solubility**: Not available.
- **Solubility in water**: Not available.
- **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**: -0.71
- **Auto-ignition temperature**: 430°C (806°F)
- **Decomposition temperature**: Not available.
- **Viscosity**: Not applicable.
- **Flow time (ISO 2431)**: Not available.
- **Molecular weight**: 31.07 g/mole

**Aerosol product**

- **Heat of combustion**: -24911460 J/kg

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**

- No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**

- The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**

- Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid**

- Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

**Incompatible materials**

- Oxidizers

**Hazardous decomposition products**

- Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

**Hazardous polymerization**

- Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>mono-methylamine</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Gas.</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>7010 ppm</td>
<td>1 hours</td>
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</table>

Irritation/Corrosion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>mono-methylamine</td>
<td>Eyes - Mild irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5 Percent</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Eyes - Severe irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>40 Percent</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Severe irritant</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>100 milligrams</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Severe irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>40 Percent</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sensitization
Not available.

Mutagenicity
Not available.

Carcinogenicity
Not available.

Reproductive toxicity
Not available.

Teratogenicity
Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>mono-methylamine</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Not applicable.</td>
<td>Narcotic effects</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
Not available.

Aspiration hazard
Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure
Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
Causes serious eye damage. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Inhalation
Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact
Causes skin irritation. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

Ingestion
Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact
Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, watering, redness

Inhalation
Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness

Skin contact
Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, redness, blistering may occur
Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure
Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure
Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects
Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates
Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>mono-methylamine</td>
<td>Acute EC50 163000 µg/l</td>
<td>Daphnia - Daphnia magna</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Persistence and degradability
Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogP&lt;sub&gt;ow&lt;/sub&gt;</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>mono-methylamine</td>
<td>-0.71</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>low</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DOT</th>
<th>TDG</th>
<th>Mexico</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN number</td>
<td>UN1061</td>
<td>UN1061</td>
<td>UN1061</td>
<td>UN1061</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>METHYLAMINE, ANHYDROUS</td>
<td>METHYLAMINE, ANHYDROUS</td>
<td>METHYLAMINE, ANHYDROUS</td>
<td>METHYLAMINE, ANHYDROUS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport hazard class(es)</td>
<td>2.1</td>
<td>2.1</td>
<td>2.1</td>
<td>2.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

“Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product.”

Additional information

DOT Classification: Reportable quantity 100 lbs / 45.4 kg. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
Limited quantity Yes.
Special provisions T50

TDG Classification: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).
Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125
ERAP Index 3000
Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden


Special precautions for user: Transport within user’s premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code: Not available.
Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

- TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
- Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: mono-Methylamine, gas
- Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: mono-Methylamine, gas

Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

- Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances

- Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances

- Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)

- Listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)

- Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ

- Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification

- Refer to Section 2: Hazards Identification of this SDS for classification of substance.

State regulations

- Massachusetts: This material is listed.
- New York: This material is listed.
- New Jersey: This material is listed.
- Pennsylvania: This material is listed.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

- Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

- Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

- Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

- Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

- Not listed.

Inventory list

- Australia: This material is listed or exempted.
- Canada: This material is listed or exempted.
- China: This material is listed or exempted.
- Europe: This material is listed or exempted.
- Japan: Japan inventory (ENCS): This material is listed or exempted.
- Japan inventory (ISHL): This material is listed or exempted.
- Malaysia: Not determined.
- New Zealand: This material is listed or exempted.
- Philippines: This material is listed or exempted.
Section 15. Regulatory information

Republic of Korea : This material is listed or exempted.
Taiwan : This material is listed or exempted.
Thailand : Not determined.
Turkey : Not determined.
United States : This material is listed or exempted.
Viet Nam : Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

| Health | 2 |
| Flammability | 4 |
| Physical hazards | 3 |

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health | 2 |
| Flammability | 4 |
| Instability/Reactivity | 0 |
| Special |

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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1</td>
<td>Expert judgment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas</td>
<td>According to package</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4</td>
<td>On basis of test data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2</td>
<td>Expert judgment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1</td>
<td>Expert judgment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3</td>
<td>Expert judgment</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations:
- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
- UN = United Nations

References:
Not available.

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