

This Safety Data Sheet complies with Annex II of 830/2015 amending EC No. 1907/2006,Commision Regulation (EU) 2019/521 amending CLP directive 1272/2008, also in accordance with ISO 11014-1 and ANSI Z400.1

Issued: 2021-10-12

STOODY-Nicromang

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name STOODY-Nicromang

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product type Coated Electrodes for Shielded Metal Arc Welding

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

| SDS created by | TDS Team |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Supplier | ESAB AB |
| Street address | Box 8004 402 77 Göteborg Sweden |
| Telephone | +46 31 509000 |
| Email | sdsrequest@esab.com |
| Web site | www.esab.com |

1.4. Emergency telephone number

| Emergency phone number | +1 703-741-5970 & 1-800-424-9300 |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Available outside office hours | Yes |
| Other | |

Other Classification(s): Not specified by AWS

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Description The product is not classified as hazardous according to applicable GHS hazard classification criteria.

2.2. Label elements

The product does not require labelling in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.



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2.3. Other hazards

| Other hazards | This product contains nickel, which is classified as toxic by prolonged inhalation, a skin sensitizer and a suspect carcinogen. Nickel powder is harmful for the environment. This product contains titanium dioxide which is possibly carcinogenic. Hazardous decomposition products - Welding fumes and gases cannot be classified simply. The composition and quantity of both are dependent upon the metal being welded, the process, procedure, and electrodes used. Other conditions which also influence the composition and quantity of the fumes and gases to which workers may be exposed include: coating on the metal being welded (such as paint, plating, or galvanizing), the quality and the amount of ventilation, the position of the welder's head with respect to the fume plume, as well as the presence of contaminants in the atmosphere (such as chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors from cleaning and degreasing activities). When the electrode is consumed, the fume and gas decomposition products generated are different in percent and from the ingredients listed in Section 3. Fumes and gas decomposition products that evolve from welding activity and not the ingredients in the electrode, are important. The concentration of a given fume or gas component may decrease or increase by many times the original concentration in the electrode. Also, new compounds not in the electrodes may form from welding activity. Decomposition products of normal operation include those originating from the volatilization, reaction, or oxidation of the materials shown in Section 3, plus those from the base metal coatings, etc. as noted above. Reasonably expected decomposition products, ozone and nitrogen oxides. The recommended way to determine the composition and quantity of fumes and gases to which workers are exposed is to take an air sample inside the welder's helmet (if worn) or in the worker's breathing zone. See ANSI/AWS F1.1 "Method for Sampling Airborne Particles Generated by Welding and Allied Processes" and "Characterization of Arc Welding Fume" avai |
|---------------|--|
| Other | |

Other

Emergency Overview: This product is not considered hazardous as shipped Gloves should be worn when handling to prevent contaminating hands with product dust. When this product is used with a welding machine in an arc welding process, the most important hazards are radiation, welding fumes, heat, and electrical shock.



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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

| Chemical name | CAS No. EC No. REACH No. Index No. | Concentration | Classification | H-phrase M factor acute M factor chronic | Note |
|------------------------|---|---------------|---|--|------|
| IRON(REACh Registered) | 7439-89-6 231-096-4 - - | 55 - 85% | - | - | - |
| MANGANESE | 7439-96-5 231-105-1 - - | 13 - 17% | - | - | - |
| TITANIUM OXIDE** | 13463-67-7 236-675-5 - - | 0 - 10% | - | - | - |
| Limestone | 1317-65-3 215-279-6 - - | 0 - 10% | - | - | - |
| CHROMIUM | 7440-47-3 231-157-5 - - | 2 - 6% | - | - | - |
| Magnesium carbonate | 546-93-0 208-915-9 - - | 0 - 5% | - | - | - |
| Nickel powder** | 7440-02-0 231-111-4 - - | 0.4 - 4% | Skin Sens. 1, STOT RE 1, Aquatic Chronic 3, Carc. 2 | H317, H351, H372, H412 - - | - |
| Silicon | 7440-21-3 231-130-8 - - | 0.1 - 3% | - | - | - |
| FLUORIDES | 7789-75-5 232-188-7 - - | 0 - 3% | - | - | - |



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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

| Inhalation | If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration and obtain medical assistance immediately! If breathing is difficult, provide fresh air and call physician. |
|--------------|--|
| Skin contact | For skin burns from arc radiation, promptly flush with cold water. Get medical attention for burns or irritations that persist. To remove dust or particles wash with mild soap and water |
| Eye contact | For radiation burns due to arc flash, see physician. To remove dusts or fumes flush with water for at least fifteen minutes. If irritation persists, obtain medical assistance. |

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

Other

Other

Electric shock: Disconnect and turn off the power. Use a nonconductive material to pull victim away from contact with live parts or wires. If not breathing, begin artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. If no detectable pulse, begin CPR Call a physician immediately. General: Move to fresh air and call for medical aid.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Follow all Hot Work procedures. Welding arcs and sparks can ignite combustible and flammable materials. Use the extinguishing media recommended for the burning materials and fire situation such as water, alcohol-resistant foam,dry chemical or CO2 etc

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Special hazards arising from the
substance or mixtureWelding arcs and sparks can ignite combustible and flammable materials. Welding activity can produce
oxides, manganese and manganese oxides, and iron oxides. See American National Standard Z49.1:
Safety in Welding and Cutting published by the AWS.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Wear self-contained breathing apparatus as fumes or vapors may be harmful.



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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| Personal precautions, protective | Wear hand, head, eyes, ear and body protection like welders gloves, helmet or face shield with filter lens, |
|----------------------------------|---|
| equipment and emergency | safety boots, apron, arm and shoulder protection. Keep protective clothing clean and dry. Use special |
| procedures | care when welding painted or coated steels since hazardous substances from the coating may be emitted. |

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Refer to Section 13.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up as refuse. Ensure collected materials are placed in appropriate containers, particularly if still hot.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections Refer to section 8/13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

| Preventive handling precautions | Handle with care to avoid stings and cuts. Wear gloves when handling welding consumables. Avoid |
|---------------------------------|---|
| | exposure to dust. Do not ingest. Some individuals can develop an allergic reaction to certain materials. Retain all warning and identity labels. |
| | |

- 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- **Conditions for safe storage,** Keep separate from chemical substances like acids and strong bases, which could cause chemical reactions.
- 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

Use industrial hygiene monitoring equipment to ensure that exposure does not exceed applicable national exposure limits. The following limits can be used as guidance. Unless noted, all values are for 8 hour time weighted averages (TWA).

National occupational exposure limits



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| Ingredient | CAS No. EC No. | Exposure limit ppm / mg/m³ | Short-term exposure limit ppm / mg/m³ | Ceiling exposure limit ppm / mg/m³ | Source | Remark | Year |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|--------|--|------|
| Magnesium carbonate | 546-93-0 208-915-9 | - 15 | - | - | OSHA | Total dust | 2019 |
| CHROMIUM | 7440-47-3 231-157-5 | - 1 | - | - | OSHA | as Metal | 2019 |
| MANGANESE | 7439-96-5 231-105-1 | - | - | - 5 | OSHA | as Mn (metal and fume) | 2019 |
| Silicon | 7440-21-3 231-130-8 | - 5 | - | - | OSHA | respirable fraction | 2019 |
| FLUORIDES | 7789-75-5 232-188-7 | - | - | - | OSHA | NO PEL | 2019 |
| Magnesium carbonate | 546-93-0 208-915-9 | - 5 | - | - | OSHA | Respirable Fraction | 2019 |
| CHROMIUM | 7440-47-3 231-157-5 | - 0.5 | - | - | OSHA | as Cr(Cr(II) and Cr(III) inorganic compds) | 2019 |
| Silicon | 7440-21-3 231-130-8 | - 15 | - | - | OSHA | total dust | 2019 |
| TITANIUM OXIDE** | 13463-67-7 236-675-5 | - 15 | - | - | OSHA | Total dust | 2019 |
| IRON(REACh Registered) | 7439-89-6 231-096-4 | - | - | - | OSHA | NO PEL | 2019 |
| NICKEL POWDER** | 7440-02-0 231-111-4 | - 1 | - | - | OSHA | as Ni | 2019 |
| IRON(REACh Registered) | 7439-89-6 231-096-4 | - | - | - | ACGIH | - | 2019 |
| CHROMIUM | 7440-47-3 231-157-5 | - 0.03 | - | - | ACGIH | Water Soluble, Chromium (III) compounds (as Cr) | 2019 |
| CHROMIUM | 7440-47-3 231-157-5 | - 0.0002 | - | - | ACGIH | Chromium (VI) compounds | 2019 |
| CHROMIUM | 7440-47-3 231-157-5 | - 0.0005 | - | - | ACGIH | Water Soluble, Chromium (VI) compounds | 2019 |
| FLUORIDES | 7789-75-5 232-188-7 | - | - | - | ACGIH | - | 2019 |
| MANGANESE | 7439-96-5 231-105-1 | - 0.02 | - | - | ACGIH | as Mn | 2019 |
| Silicon | 7440-21-3 231-130-8 | - | - | - | ACGIH | - | 2019 |
| NICKEL POWDER** | 7440-02-0 231-111-4 | - 0.2 | - | - | ACGIH | insoluble inorganic compounds | 2019 |
| TITANIUM OXIDE** | 13463-67-7 236-675-5 | - 10 | - | - | ACGIH | - | 2019 |
| Magnesium | 546-93-0 | - | - | - | ACGIH | - | 2019 |



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| Ingredient | CAS No. EC No. | Exposure limit ppm / mg/m³ | Short-term exposure limit ppm / mg/m³ | Ceiling exposure limit ppm / mg/m³ | Source | Remark | Year |
|-----------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|--------|---|------|
| carbonate | 208-915-9 | - | - | - | | | |
| MANGANESE | 7439-96-5 231-105-1 | - 0.1 | - | - | ACGIH | for elemental and inorganic compounds | 2019 |
| NICKEL POWDER** | 7440-02-0 231-111-4 | - 1.5 | - | - | ACGIH | elemental | 2019 |
| NICKEL POWDER** | 7440-02-0 231-111-4 | - 0.1 | - | - | ACGIH | soluble inorganic compounds | 2019 |

8.2. Exposure controls

| Appropriate engineering controls | Avoid exposure to welding fumes, radiation, spatter, electric shock, heated materials and dust. |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Hand protection | Abrasion (Cycles):(Type A-2 (500));(Type B-1 (100)); Cut (Factor):(Type A-1 (1.2));(Type B-1 (1.2)); Tear (Newton):(Type A-2 (25));(Type B-1 (10)); Puncture (Newton):(Type A-2 (60));(Type B-1 (20)); Burning Behaviour:(Type A-3);(Type B-2); Contact Heat:(Type A-1);(Type B-1); Convective Heat:(Type A-2);(Type B); Small Splashes:(Type A-3);(Type B-2); Dexterity:(Type A-1 (11));(Type B-4 (6.5)) Type B gloves are recommended when high dexterity is required as for TIG welding, while type A gloves are recommended for other welding processes. The contact temp (oC) is 100 and the threshold time (seconds) >15. |
| Respiratory protection | Ensure sufficient ventilation, local exhaust, or both, to keep welding fumes and gases from breathing zone and general area. |
| Other | |
| Other | Engineering measures: Keep working place and protective clothing clean and dry. Train welders to avoid contact with live electrical parts and insulate conductive parts. Check condition of protective clothing and equipment on a regular basis. EU Specification EN 12477: Gloves for Welders Type A. For eye protection, use a welder's helmet compliant to EN 379 with filter shade 9 or greater. Clothing should meet Class 2 requirements. |
| Ventilation | Use respirator or air supplied respirator when welding or brazing in a confined space, or where local exhaust or ventilation is not sufficient to keep exposure values within safe limits. |

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Physical state | Cored wire, color grey/black, with core containing solid metal and non-metal particles. |
|--|---|
| Colour | No data available |
| Odour | odourless |
| Melting point / freezing point | >1000°F (>500°C) |
| Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range | No data available |
| Flammability | No data available |



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| Lower and upper explosion limit | No data available |
|---|------------------------------------|
| Flash point | No data available |
| Auto-ignition temperature | No data available |
| Decomposition temperature | No data available |
| рН | No data available |
| Kinematic viscosity | No data available |
| Solubility | Insoluble in water |
| Partition coefficient n- octanol/water | No data available |
| Vapour pressure | No data available |
| Density and/or relative density | No data available |
| Relative density | 0.18 – 0.33 lb/cu ft. (5 – 9 g/cc) |
| Relative vapour density | No data available |
| 9.2. Other information | |

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity Non Reactive unless gets in contact with chemical substances like acids or strong bases could cause generation of gas

10.2. Chemical stability

Chemical stability This product is stable under normal conditions. No stabilizers are required.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid This product is only intended for production of welding consumables.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No data available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products When this product is used in a welding process, hazardous decomposition products would include those from the volatilization, reaction or oxidation of the materials listed in Section 3 and those from the base metal / Coated wire / Coated rod / Bare wire / Bare rod.



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Other

Other Refer to applicable national exposure limits for fume compounds, including those exposure limits for fume compounds found in Section 8. A significant amount of the chromium in the fumes can be hexavalent chromium, which has a very low exposure limit in some countries. Manganese and nickel also have low exposure limits, in some countries, that may be easily exceeded. Reasonably expected gaseous products would include carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides and ozone. Air contaminants around the welding area can be affected by the welding process and influence the composition and quantity of fumes and gases produced. Fume generation and fume analysis data, including hexavalent chrome content is available for a range of products and may be obtained by sending a request in writing or sending us an inquiry on the Stoody Company web page (www.stoody.com).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

| Information on toxicological effects | The wire product as sold and distributed is not expected to cause hazardous exposures. During welding activity, the likely routes of exposure could include ingestion, skin, eyes but most importantly by inhalation of welding fumes and dust. Inhalation of welding fumes and gases can be dangerous to your health. Classification of welding fumes is difficult because of varying base materials, coatings, air contamination and processes. The International Agency for Research on Cancer has classified welding fumes as carcinogenic to humans (Group 1). |
|---|---|
| Acute toxicity | Overexposure to welding fumes may result in symptoms like metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, dryness or irritation of the nose, throat or eyes. |
| Skin corrosion/irritation | No data available |
| Serious eye damage/irritation | No data available |
| Respiratory or skin sensitisation | No data available |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | No data available |
| Genotoxicity | No data available |

Carcinogenicity

| Product / Substance name CAS / EC no. | Other |
|--|---|
| TITANIUM OXIDE** 13463-67-7 / 236-675-5 | **This product contains substance(s) that may cause cancer, which is/are classified as Possibly carcinogenic to humans as per IARC. This product can expose you to Titanium dioxide which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov. |
| NICKEL POWDER** 7440-02-0 / 231-111-4 | **This product contains substance(s) that may cause cancer, which is/are classified as Possibly carcinogenic to humans as per IARC.This product can expose you to Nickel Powder which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov. |

Repeated dose toxicity No data available

Reproductive toxicity No data available



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| STOT-single exposure | No data available |
|------------------------|-------------------|
| STOT-repeated exposure | No data available |
| Aspiration hazard | No data available |
| LD50 Oral | No data available |
| LD50 Dermal | No data available |
| LC50 Inhalation | No data available |

11.2. Information on other hazards

No data available

Other

Long term effect Prolonged inhalation of nickel and chromium compounds above safe exposure limits can cause cancer. Overexposure to welding fumes may affect pulmonary function. Overexposure to manganese and manganese compounds above safe exposure limits can cause irreversible damage to the central nervous system, including the brain, symptoms of which may include slurred speech, lethargy, tremor, muscular weakness, psychological disturbances and spastic gait. Prolonged inhalation of titanium dioxide above safe exposure limits can cause cancer.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

| Acute toxicity | No data available |
|---------------------------|-------------------|
| Toxicity | No data available |
| Aquatic | No data available |
| Soil | No data available |
| Acute fish toxicity | No data available |
| Acute algae toxicity | No data available |
| Acute crustacean toxicity | No data available |
| Chronical toxicity | |

| Product / Substance name CAS / EC no. | Remark |
|--|--|
| NICKEL POWDER** 7440-02-0 / 231-111-4 | This product contains Nickel powder which is classified as harmful to aquatic organisms by 1272/2008 CLP Directive and may cause long- |
| | term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No data available

Decay/transformation No data available



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| 12.3. Bioaccumulative | potential |
|-----------------------|-----------|
|-----------------------|-----------|

- Bioaccumulative potential No data available
- 12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility No data available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB No data available assessment

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

12.7. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects

Welding consumables and materials could degrade/weather into components originating from the consumables or from the materials used in the welding process. Avoid exposure to conditions that could lead to accumulation in soils or groundwater. The biological concentration factors, BCF, of components of these wires that may be present are chromium 200; manganese 59052; and iron 140000.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

| Disposal considerations | Discard any product, residue, disposable container or liner in an environmentally acceptable manner, in full compliance with federal and local regulations. Use recycling procedures if available. USA RCRA: Unused product or product residues containing chromium is considered hazardous waste if discarded, RCRA ID Characteristic Toxic Hazardous Waste D007. (https://rcrapublic.epa.gov/rcrainfoweb/action/main-menu/view) Residues from welding consumables and processes could degrade and accumulate in soils and groundwater. |
|-------------------------|---|
|-------------------------|---|

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN number Welding wires and rods are not classified as dangerous goods and have no UN number.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

There is no proper shipping name.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Label T

There is no transport hazard and are not classified as dangerous goods for transportation.

14.4. Packing group



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14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmental hazards Welding rods and wire are not environmentally hazardous according to the criteria of the UN Model Regulations (as reflected in the IMDG Code, ADR, RID and AND) and/or a marine pollutant to the IMDG Code.

14.6. Special precautions for user

No data available

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available

Other

Other

r No international regulations or restrictions are applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

| Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC. Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) DIRECTIVE 2008/98/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL. of 19 November 2008. on waste and repealing certain Directives. European Parliament and Council Directives 94/62/EC of 20 December 1994 on packaging and packaging |
|---|
| European Parliament and the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) DIRECTIVE 2008/98/EC OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL. of 19 November 2008. on waste and repealing certain Directives. |



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| Other regulations, limitations and legal regulations | Poland Regulations: |
|--|--|
| anu iegai regulations | ACT of 25 February 2011 on the chemical substances and their mixtures(OJ # 63, poz. 322). |
| | Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labour and Social Policy of 12th June 2018 on the Maximum Admissible Concentrations and Intensities of Harmful to Health Agents in the Working Environment (Dz. U. No 1286) The Act on Waste of 14 December 2012, Journal of Laws of 2013, item 21 with amendments |
| | |
| | Act of 13th June 2013 on packaging management and packaging waste (Journal of Laws of 2013, item 888). |
| | Regulation of the Minister of the Environment of 9 December 2014 on waste catalogue (Journal of Laws of 2014, item 1923). |
| | Regulation of the Minister of Economy of 21 December 2005. Concerning essential requirements for personal protective equipment (Journal. Laws No. 259, item. 2173). |
| | Regulation of the Minister of Health of 2 February 2011 on tests and measurements of factors harmful to health in the working environment (the Journal of Laws 2011, no. 33, item 166). |
| | USA Regulations : |
| | USA: This product contains or produces a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer and birth defects (or other reproductive harm). (California Health & Safety Code § 25249.5 et seq.) |
| | CERCLA/SARA Title III Reportable Quantities (RQs) and/or Threshold Planning Quantities (TPQs): Product is a solid solution in the form of a solid article. Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee. |
| | EPCRA/SARA Title III 313 Toxic Chemicals: The following metallic components are listed as SARA 313 "Toxic Chemicals" and potential subject to annual SARA 313 reporting. See Section 3 for weight percent. Manganese: 1.0% de minimis concentration Chromium: 1.0% de minimis concentration Nickel Powder: 0.1% de minimis concentration |
| | International Inventories: |
| | Australia: The substance(s) in this product is/are in compliance with the inventory requirements of Australia- Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC) |
| | United States EPA Toxic Substance Control Act: All constituents of this product are on the TSCA inventory list under active substances |
| | Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA): All constituent(s) of this product is/are on the Domestic Substance List (DSL). |

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessment Not Available



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Other

Other Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions, your employer's safety practices and the health and safety instructions on the label. Observe any federal and local regulations. Take precautions when welding and protect yourself and others. WARNING: Welding fumes and gases are hazardous to your health and may damage lungs and other

organs. Use adequate ventilation. ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill. ARC RAYS and SPARKS can injure eyes and burn skin.

SECTION 16: Other information

| Changes to previous revision | This Safety Data Sheet has been revised due to modifications to Sections 1-16. Latest Revision of SDS as per Regulation and exposure limits – September 2021. |
|---|---|
| References to key literature and data sources | Refer to ESAB "Welding & Cutting - Risks and Measures", F52-529 "Precautions and Safe Practices for ARC WELDING, CUTTING & GOUGING" and F2035 "Precautions and Safe Practices for Gas Welding, Cutting and Heating" available from ESAB Website. www.esab.com |
| Phrase meaning | Skin Sens. 1 - Skin sensitisation, hazard category 1 STOT RE 1 - Specific Target Organ Toxicity — Repeated exposure, hazard category 1 Aquatic Chronic 3 - Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic hazard category 3 Carc. 2 - Carcinogenicity, hazard category 2 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |



This Safety Data Sheet complies with Annex II of 830/2015 amending EC No. 1907/2006,Commision Regulation (EU) 2019/521 amending CLP directive 1272/2008, also in accordance with ISO 11014-1 and ANSI Z400.1

Issued: 2021-10-12

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Other

| Additional information | USA: Contact ESAB at www.esabna.com or 1-800 ESAB-123 if you have any questions about this SDS. American National Standard Z49.1 Safety in Welding and Cutting, ANSI/AWS F1.5 Methods for Sampling and Analyzing Gases from Welding and Allied Processes, ANSI/AWS F1.1 "Method for Sampling Airborne Particles Generated by Welding and Allied Processes", AWSF3.2M/F3.2 "Ventilation Guide for Weld Fume", 550 North Le Jeune Road, Miami Florida 33135. Safety and Health Fact Sheets available from AWS at www.aws.org. OSHA Publication 2206 (29 C.F.R. 1910), U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 371954, Pittsburgh, PA 15250-7954 American Conference of Governmental Hygienists (ACGIH), Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices, 6500 Glenway Ave., Cincinnati, Ohio 45211, USA. NFPA 51B "Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting and Other Hot Work" published by the National Fire Protection Association, 1 Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02169 |
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| | UK: WMA Publication 236 and 237, "Hazards from Welding fume", "The arc welder at work, some general aspects of health and safety". Germany: Accident prevention regulation BGV D1, "Welding, cutting and related procedures". |
| | Canada: CSA Standard CAN/CSA-W117.2-01 "Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes". |
| | This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the CPR and the SDS contains all of the information required by the CPR. |
| | ESAB requests the users of this product to study this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and become aware of product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product a user should: notify its employees, agents and contractors of the information on this SDS and any product hazards/safety information.furnish this same information to each of its customers for the products |
| | Request such customers to notify employees and customers for the same product hazards and safety information. |
| | The information herein is given in good faith and based on technical data that ESAB believes to be reliable. Since the conditions of use is outside our control, we assume no liability in connection with any use of this information and no warranty expressed or implied is given. Contact ESAB for more information. |