

**SECTION: 1. Product and company identification**

**1.1. Product identifier**

Product form : Substance  
 Substance name : Methanol  
 CAS-No. : 67-56-1  
 Formula : CH4O  
 Other means of identification : UCAR HTF, Heat Treating Fluid

**1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial use; Use as directed.

**1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

Praxair, Inc.  
 10 Riverview Drive  
 Danbury, CT 06810-6268 - USA  
 T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146  
[www.praxair.com](http://www.praxair.com)

**1.4. Emergency telephone number**

**Emergency number** : Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24hr/day 7days/week  
 — Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887  
 (collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

**SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

**2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture**

**GHS US classification**

Flam. Liq. 2            H225  
 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)    H301  
 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal) H311  
 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation) H331  
 STOT SE 1            H370

**2.2. Label elements**

**GHS US labeling**

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :



Signal word (GHS US) :

Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) :

H225 - HIGHLY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR  
 H301+H311+H331 - TOXIC IF SWALLOWED, IN CONTACT WITH SKIN OR IF INHALED  
 H370 - CAUSES DAMAGE TO ORGANS

Precautionary statements (GHS US) :

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
 P210 - Keep away from Heat/Open flames/Sparks/Hot surfaces. - No smoking  
 P233 - Keep container tightly closed.  
 P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment  
 P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment  
 P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.  
 P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.  
 P260 - Do not breathe gas/vapors  
 P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

# Methanol

## Safety Data Sheet P-4672

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.  
Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 02/14/2019 Supersedes: 12/20/2017

P264 - Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling  
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P271 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P307 - IF EXPOSED:  
P311 - Call a poison center or doctor  
P301 - IF SWALLOWED:  
P310 - Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.  
P330 - Rinse mouth.  
P321 - Specific treatment (see First aid measures)  
P303 - IF ON SKIN (or hair):  
P361 - Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.  
P353 - Rinse skin with water/shower.  
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
P304 - IF INHALED:  
P340 - Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.  
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use Carbon dioxide, Dry chemical, Water spray or fog to extinguish  
P405 - Store locked up.  
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

### 2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

## SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Name	Product identifier	%
Methanol (Main constituent)	(CAS-No.) 67-56-1	100

### 3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should give oxygen. Call a physician.

First-aid measures after skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush affected areas with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Call a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Discard contaminated shoes.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an ophthalmologist immediately..

First-aid measures after ingestion : Give two glasses of water and induce vomiting. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects : CAUSES DAMAGE TO ORGANS.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Repeated exposure to this material can result in absorption through skin causing significant health hazard. TOXIC IN CONTACT WITH SKIN.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : TOXIC IF SWALLOWED. Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: The combination of visual disturbances, metabolic acidosis, and formic acid in the urine is evidence of methanol poisoning. Administer ethanol (whiskey, brandy, etc.), 30 ml every 3 hours, until medical assistance is obtained. The therapeutic intravenous administration of ethanol (10 ml per hour) allows it to be preferentially oxidized and reduces production of methanol metabolites. Acidosis must be treated by means of

intravenous sodium bicarbonate, and methanol elimination may be increased by hemodialysis as indicated. Treatment should be based on blood methanol levels and acid-base balance. Folates may be administered to enhance the metabolism of formaldehyde.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide, Dry chemical, Water spray or fog.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : HIGHLY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR.  
Explosion hazard : May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.

Protection during firefighting : **Danger: FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR.** Evacuate all personnel from danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus. Immediately cool surrounding containers with water spray from maximum distance, taking care not to extinguish flames. Avoid spreading burning liquid with water. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. If flames are accidentally extinguished, explosive reignition may occur. Reduce vapors with fine water spray or fog. Stop flow of liquid if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove all containers from area of fire if safe to do so. Allow fire to burn out. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1919 Subpart L - Fire Protection.

Other information : Vapor forms explosive mixtures with air and oxidizing agents. If leaking gas catches fire, do not extinguish flames. Flammable and toxic vapors may spread from leak and could explode if reignited by sparks or flames. Vapors are heavier than air and may collect in low spots. Explosive atmospheres may linger. Before entering area, especially confined areas, check with an appropriate device.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

##### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

##### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Avoid breathing gas, vapors.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Prevent soil and water pollution. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements. Avoid release to the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : On land, sweep or shovel into suitable containers.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

# Methanol

## Safety Data Sheet P-4672

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.  
Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 02/14/2019 Supersedes: 12/20/2017

- Precautions for safe handling** : May irritate skin, eyes, and respiratory tract. Use only with adequate ventilation or respiratory protection. Do not get liquid or vapor in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Have safety showers and eyewash fountains immediately available. May form explosive mixtures with air. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Use only spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Protect containers from damage. Use a suitable hand truck to move containers; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.
- Do not breathe vapors
- Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Use only explosion-proof equipment.
- Hygiene measures** : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Storage conditions** : Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Post "No Smoking/No Open Flames" signs in storage and use areas. There must be no sources of ignition. Separate packages and protect against potential fire and/or explosion damage following appropriate codes and requirements (e.g. NFPA 30, NFPA 55, NFPA 70, and/or NFPA 221 in the U.S.) or according to requirements determined by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Always secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand when the container is not in use. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.
- Conditions to avoid** : Sources of ignition. Heat sources.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Methanol (67-56-1)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-STEL (ppm)	250 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	6000 ppm

### 8.2. Exposure controls

- Personal protective equipment** : Avoid all unnecessary exposure.
- Hand protection** : Wear protective gloves.
- Eye protection** : Chemical goggles or safety glasses.
- Respiratory protection** : When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is recommended.
- Other information** : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Liquid
- Appearance** : Clear, colorless, mobile liquid.
- Color** : Colorless
- Odor** : Slight alcohol-like

# Methanol

## Safety Data Sheet P-4672

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.  
Date of issue: 01/01/1979    Revision date: 02/14/2019    Supersedes: 12/20/2017

Odor threshold	: 5950 ppm (May) 7800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (May)
pH	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: 2.1
Melting point	: -98 °C (-144.4°F)
Freezing point	: -97.7 °C (-143.9°F)
Boiling point	: 64.7 °C (148.5°F)
Flash point	: 11 °C (51.8°F)
Critical temperature	: 239.8 °C (464°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: 385 °C (725°F)
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: 0.13 bar (1.86 psia)
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: 1.11
Relative density	: 0.7924
Density	: 0.791 - 0.792 g/cm <sup>3</sup> (at 20 °C)
Solubility	: Water:
Log Pow	: -0.77
Log Kow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available

### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

### 10.2. Chemical stability

HIGHLY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids. Alkali metals. Halogens. Halogenated compounds. Oxidizing agents. Lead. Magnesium. Viton® / Fluoroelastomer (FKM).

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition may produce : Hydrogen.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Oral: TOXIC IF SWALLOWED. Dermal: TOXIC IN CONTACT WITH SKIN. Inhalation: TOXIC IF INHALED.

Methanol ( f )67-56-1	
LD50 oral rat	5628 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	17100 mg/kg

# Methanol

## Safety Data Sheet P-4672

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.  
Date of issue: 01/01/1979    Revision date: 02/14/2019    Supersedes: 12/20/2017

<b>Methanol ( f )67-56-1</b>	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	128.2 mg/l/4h
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	64000 ppm/4h
ATE US (oral)	100 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	300 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	700 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	3 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.5 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure	: CAUSES DAMAGE TO ORGANS.
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: TOXIC IF SWALLOWED. TOXIC IN CONTACT WITH SKIN.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Repeated exposure to this material can result in absorption through skin causing significant health hazard. TOXIC IN CONTACT WITH SKIN.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: TOXIC IF SWALLOWED. Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - water : HARMFUL TO AQUATIC LIFE.

<b>Methanol (67-56-1)</b>	
LC50 fish 1	28200 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

<b>Methanol (67-56-1)</b>	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

<b>Methanol (67-56-1)</b>	
BCF fish 1	10 mg/l
Log Pow	-0.77
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Regional legislation (waste) : U.S. - RCRA (Resource Conservation & Recovery Act) - Basis for Listing - Appendix VII. U.S. - RCRA (Resource Conservation & Recovery Act) - Phase 4 LDR Rule - Universal Treatment Standards. U.S. - RCRA (Resource Conservation & Recovery Act) - U Series Wastes - Acutely Toxic Wastes & Other Hazardous Characteristics.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

Additional information : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment. Hazardous waste due to toxicity.

**SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1230

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1230

Hazard labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid



**Additional information**

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 131

Other information : No supplementary information available.

**Transport by sea**

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1230

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : METHANOL

Class (IMDG) : 3 - Flammable liquids

Packing group (IMDG) : II - substances presenting medium danger

**Air transport**

UN-No. (IATA) : 1230

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Methanol

Class (IATA) : 3 - Flammable Liquids

Packing group (IATA) : II - Medium Danger

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**15.1. US Federal regulations**

<b>Methanol (67-56-1)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard Fire hazard
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 %

**15.2. International regulations**

**CANADA**

<b>Methanol (67-56-1)</b>
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

**EU-Regulations**

# Methanol

## Safety Data Sheet P-4672

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.  
Date of issue: 01/01/1979    Revision date: 02/14/2019    Supersedes: 12/20/2017

### Methanol (67-56-1)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

### 15.2.2. National regulations

#### Methanol (67-56-1)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)  
Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)  
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory  
Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law)  
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)  
Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)  
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)  
Japanese Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law  
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)  
Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)  
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)  
Listed on the TCSI (Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory)

### 15.3. US State regulations

#### Methanol(67-56-1)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	Yes
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No
State or local regulations	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

# Methanol

## Safety Data Sheet P-4672

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.  
 Date of issue: 01/01/1979    Revision date: 02/14/2019    Supersedes: 12/20/2017

### SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

Praxair SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Praxair or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Praxair sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from [www.praxair.com](http://www.praxair.com). If you have questions regarding Praxair SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Praxair suppliers in your area, phone or write the Praxair Call Center (Phone: 1-800-PRAXAIR/1-800-772-9247; Address: Praxair Call Center, Praxair, Inc, P.O. Box 44, Tonawanda, NY 14151-0044).

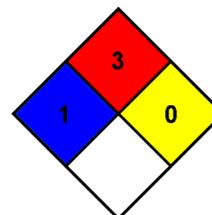
PRAXAIR, the Flowing Airstream design, Medipure, and the Medipure design are trademarks or registered trademarks of Praxair Technology, Inc. in the United States and/or other countries.

Revision date : 02/14/2019

NFPA health hazard : 1 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause significant irritation.

NFPA fire hazard : 3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.



SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Praxair

*This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.*