

Safety Data Sheet P-4652

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1980 Revision date: 10/24/2016 Supersedes: 05/01/2015

## SECTION: 1. Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance

Name : Silicon tetrafluoride

CAS No : 7783-61-1 Formula : SiF4

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial use. Use as directed.

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Praxair, Inc. 10 Riverview Drive

Danbury, CT 06810-6268 - USA

T 1-800-772-9247 (1-800-PRAXAIR) - F 1-716-879-2146

www.praxair.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633

CHEMTREC, 24hr/day 7days/week

- Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887

(collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)

## **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### **GHS-US** classification

Compressed gas H280 Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation: gas) H330 Skin Corr. 1A H314 Eye Dam. 1 H318

## 2.2. Label elements

## **GHS-US** labeling

Signal word (GHS-US)

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)





GHS06

GHS04

GHS05

: DANGER

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED

H314 - CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE

H330 - FATAL IF INHALED

CGA-HG22 - CORROSIVE TO THE RESPIRATORY TRACT

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P260 - Do not breathe gas/vapors

P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing

P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place

P280+P284 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory protection,

and/or face protection P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container Supplier/owner instructions

 ${\sf CGA-PG05}$  - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping

CGA-PG20+CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment of compatible materials of construction and

rated for cylinder pressure

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CGA-PG12 - Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use CGA-PG18 - When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug

CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty

CGA-PG02 - Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F)

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

: None.

## 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

## **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substance

Name	Product identifier	%
Silicon tetrafluoride (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 7783-61-1	100

### 3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation

: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should give oxygen. Call a physician. . WARNING: To avoid possible chemical burns, the rescuer should avoid breathing any exhaled air from the victim.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: In case of contact, immediately flush affected areas with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Call a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Discard contaminated shoes.

Soak burned areas in ice and, if available, an aqueaous solution of 0.2% benzethonium chloride (aka Hyamine 1622 solution) or zephiran chloride (aka bezalkonium chloride solution)

Alternatively, Apply calcium gluconate cream to affected areas on the skin.

First-aid measures after eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an

ophthalmologist immediately.

First-aid measures after ingestion

: Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical assistance. Do not give morphine, barbiturates, or cardiac or respiratory stimulants.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Water may be ineffective.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Reactivity : Reacts with water to form hydrogen fluoride fumes.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions

#### : DANGER! Toxic, corrosive, high-pressure gas.

Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.

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Special protective equipment for fire fighters

: Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire

fighters.

Specific methods : Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency

cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.

Other information : Containers are equipped with a pressure relief device. (Exceptions may exist where authorized

by DOT.).

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures

: Reacts with water to form hydrogen fluoride fumes. **DANGER: Toxic. Corrosive.** Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE). (gas tight, chemical-protective) Evacuate personnel to a safe area. Approach suspected leak area with caution. Remove all sources of ignition. Toxic, corrosive vapor can spread from spill. Ventilate area or move container to a well-ventilated area. Before entering the area, especially a confined area, check the atmosphere with an appropriate device.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Prevent soil and water pollution. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Do not breathe gas/vapor. Avoid all contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure

Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g, wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.



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### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Silicon tetrafluoride (7783-61-1)	
ACGIH	Not established
USA OSHA	Not established

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only in a closed system. A corrosion-resistant, forced-draft fume hood is preferred. LOCAL EXHAUST: A corrosion-resistant system is acceptable.

In semiconductor process gas and other suitable applications, Praxair recommends the use of engineering controls such as gas cabinet enclosures, automatic gas panels (used to purge systems on cylider changeout), excess-flow valves throughout the gas distribution system, double containment for the distribution system, and continuous gas monitors.

Eye protection

Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety showers. Wear safety glasses when handling cylinders; vapor-proof goggles and a face shield during cylinder changeout or whenever contact with product is possible. Select eye protection in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133.

Skin and body protection

: Wear metatarsal shoes and work gloves for cylinder handling, and protective clothing where needed. Wear appropriate chemical gloves during cylinder changeout or wherever contact with product is possible. Select per OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, 1910.136, and 1910.138.

Respiratory protection

: When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Gas Molecular mass : 104 g/mol

Color : Colorless. Gives off white fumes in moist air.

Odor : choking Irritating
Odor threshold : No data available
pH : Not applicable.
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available

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: Not applicable. Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) Melting point : -86.8 °C (-124.24°F) Freezing point : No data available Boiling point : -94.8 °C (-138.6°F) Flash point : Not applicable. Critical temperature : -14.2 °C 6.44°F) Auto-ignition temperature : Not applicable. : No data available Decomposition temperature Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available Vapor pressure : Not applicable. Critical pressure : 37.1 bar (538.9 psia) Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available

Relative density : Not known.

Density : 4.31 kg/m³ (0.269 lb/ft3) (at 21.1 °C (70 °F))

Relative gas density : 3.6

Solubility : Reacts with water.

Water: No data available

Log Pow : Not applicable.

Log Kow : Not applicable.

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable.

Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable.

Explosive properties : Not applicable.

Oxidizing properties : No data available

Explosion limits : Non flammable.

9.2. Other information

Additional information : Gas/vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground

level

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10 1	Reactivity	

Reacts with water to form hydrogen fluoride fumes.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

May occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid moisture in installation systems.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Alkali metals. Water. Sodium. Trimethylamine.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Fluorine. Silicon.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Inhalation:gas: FATAL IF INHALED.

Silicon tetrafluoride ( \f )7783-61-1	
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	922 ppm/1h
ATE US (gases)	461.000 ppmV/4h

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Skin corrosion/irritation : CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE.

pH: Not applicable.

Serious eye damage/irritation : CAUSES SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE.

pH: Not applicable.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified
Carcinogenicity : Not classified
Reproductive toxicity : Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated

exposure)

: Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : No data available.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Silicon tetrafluoride (7783-61-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Not applicable for inorganic gases.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Silicon tetrafluoride (7783-61-1)	
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Silicon tetrafluoride (7783-61-1)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.

#### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : May cause pH changes in aqueous ecological systems.

Effect on ozone layer : None

Effect on the global warming : No known effects from this product

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return container to supplier.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1859 Silicon tetrafluoride, 2.3

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1859

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Silicon tetrafluoride

Class (DOT) : 2.3 - Class 2.3 - Poisonous gas 49 CFR 173.115

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Hazard labels (DOT) : Poison Gas

2.3 - Poison gas





DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

: 2 - This material is poisonous by inhalation (see 171.8 of this subchapter) in Hazard Zone B (see 173.116(a) or 173.133(a) of this subchapter), and must be described as an inhalation hazard under the provisions of this subchapter

### **Additional information**

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 125:173

: No supplementary information available. Other information

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's

compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers: - Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided)

is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

#### Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1859

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : SILICON TETRAFLUORIDE

Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases MFAG-No : 125

#### Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 1859

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Silicon tetrafluoride

Class (IATA) : 2

Civil Aeronautics Law : Gases under pressure/Gases toxic under pressure

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. US Federal regulations

Silicon tetrafluoride (7783-61-1)	
Silicon tetrafluoride (7783-61-1)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes  Delayed (chronic) health hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard	
Reactive hazard Sudden release of pressure hazard	

## 15.2. International regulations

### **CANADA**

## Silicon tetrafluoride (7783-61-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

## **EU-Regulations**

### Silicon tetrafluoride (7783-61-1)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)



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## 15.2.2. National regulations

## Silicon tetrafluoride (7783-61-1)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

## 15.3. US State regulations

Silicon tetrafluoride(7783-61-1)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No
State or local regulations	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Other information

: When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product

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NFPA health hazard : 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or

residual injury even though prompt medical attention was

given.

NFPA fire hazard : 0 - Materials that will not burn.

NFPA reactivity : 2 - Normally unstable and readily undergo violent decomposition but do not detonate. Also: may react

violently with water or may form potentially explosive

mixtures with water.

NFPA specific hazard : W - Unusual reactivity with water. This indicates a potential

hazard using water to fight a fire involving this material.



#### **HMIS III Rating**

Health : 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard
Physical : 3 Serious Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.