



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name : Bronze Alloys

Other means of identification : RBCuZn-A, RBCuZn-B, RBCuZn-C, RBCuZn-D, ERCuSi-A, ERCu, ERCuSn-A, ERCuSn-C,

ERCuAl-A1, ERCuAl-A2, ERCuAl-A3, ERCuNiAl, ERCuMnNiAl, ECuSn-C, ECu, ECuAl-A2,

ECuSi, BCuP-2, BCuP-3, BCuP-4, BCuP-5, ECuP-6

AWS Specifications : A5.6, A5.7, A5.8

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : For welding consumables and related products

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Oxford Alloys, Inc. 2632 Tee Dr.

Baton Rouge, LA 70814 technical@oxfordalloys.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 225-273-4800

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

 Skin Sens. 1
 H317

 Carc. 1B
 H350

 STOT RE 1
 H372

 Aquatic Acute 1
 H400

 Aquatic Chronic 2
 H411

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)





GHS07

GHS08

GHS09

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H350 - May cause cancer

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

P273 - Avoid release to the environment

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water P308+P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P314 - Get medical advice and attention if you feel unwell

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

P391 - Collect spillage P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

1/1/2017 EN (English) Page 1





Other hazards

No additional information available

Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. **Substances**

Not applicable

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

Mixture 3.2.

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Copper (Cu)	(CAS No) 7440-50-8	69.73 - 95.7	Not classified
Silver (Ag)	(CAS No) 7440-22-4	<= 15.5	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Manganese (Mn)	(CAS No) 7439-96-5	<= 14	Not classified
Aluminum (Al)	(CAS No) 7429-90-5	0.01 - 11.5	Not classified
Tin (Sn)	(CAS No) 7440-31-5	<= 9	Not classified
Iron (Fe)	(CAS No) 7439-89-6	<= 6	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302
Nickel (Ni)	(CAS No) 7440-02-0	<= 6	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT RE 1, H372
Silicon (Si)	(CAS No) 7440-21-3	<= 4	Not classified
Lead (Pb)	(CAS No) 7439-92-1	<= 0.02	Carc. 1B, H350

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation

- : Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.
- First-aid measures after skin contact
- First-aid measures after eye contact
- First-aid measures after ingestion
- : Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
- Immediately flush eyes with water and continue washing for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if discomfort persists.
- : Do NOT induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation

: Short-term (acute) overexposure to the gases, fumes, and dusts may include irritation of the eyes, lungs, nose, and throat. Some toxic gases associated with welding may cause pulmonary edema, asphyxiation, and death.

Acute overexposure may include signs and symptoms such as watery eyes, nose and throat irritation, headache, dizziness, difficulty in breathing, frequent coughing, or chest pain. The presence of chromium/chromate in fume can cause irritation of nasal membranes and skin. The presence of nickel compounds in fume can cause metallic taste, nausea, tightness of chest, fever, and allergic reaction. Excessive inhalation or ingestion of manganese can produce manganese poisoning. Overexposure to manganese compounds may affect the central nervous system, symptoms of which are languor, sleepiness, muscular weakness, emotional disturbances, and spastic gait resembling Parkinsonism. These symptoms can become progressive and permanent if not treated. Excessive inhalation of fumes may cause "Metal Fume Fever" with Flu-like symptoms such as chills, fever, body aches, vomiting, sweating, etc.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion

Dusts may cause irritation.

Causes eye irritation.

: Not an anticipated route of exposure during normal product handling. May be harmful if ingested.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media 5.1.

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None.

1/1/2017 EN (English) 2/9





5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Not flammable. Explosion hazard : None known.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protection during firefighting : Firefighters should wear full protective gear.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : No special measures required.

Methods for cleaning up : Attempt to reclaim the product, if this is possible.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No additional information available

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Avoid generating dust and inhaling fumes.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : No special storage necessary.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

For welding consumables and related products

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Aluminum (7429-90-5)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³

Nickel (7440-02-0)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	1.5 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³

Silver (7440-22-4)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	0.01 mg/m³

Tin (7440-31-5)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³

Lead (7439-92-1)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	50 μg/m³

Copper (7440-50-8)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m³

1/1/2017 EN (English) 3/9





Copper (7440-50-8)			
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³	
Manganese (7439-96-5)			
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m³	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³	
Silicon (7440-21-2)			

Silicon (7440-21-3)		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Local exhaust and general ventilation must be adequate to meet exposure standards.

Hand protection : Wear welding gloves.

Eye protection : Wear helmet or face shield with filter lens of appropriate shade number. See ANSI/ASC Z49.1

Section 4.2. Provide protective screens and flash goggles, if necessary, to shield others.

Skin and body protection : Wear head and body protection, which help to prevent injury from radiation, sparks, flame and

electrical shock. See ANSI Z49.1. At a minimum this includes welder's gloves and a protective face shield, and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, shoulder protection, as well as dark substantial clothing. Train the employee not to touch live electrical parts and to insulate him/herself from work and ground. Welders should not wear short sleeve shirts or short pants.

Respiratory protection : If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH approved respiratory

protection should be worn.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Solid

Appearance : Rods or wire

Color : Silver or yellow to red. Flux coating is white or blue-green

Odor No data available Odor threshold No data available рΗ : No data available Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : No data available No data available Melting point Freezing point No data available No data available **Boiling point** : No data available Flash point Self ignition temperature : No data available Decomposition temperature No data available No data available Flammability (solid, gas) No data available Vapour pressure Relative vapour density at 20 °C No data available No data available Relative density Solubility No data available Log Pow No data available : No data available Log Kow Viscosity, kinematic No data available Viscosity, dynamic No data available Explosive properties No data available

9.2. Other information

Oxidising properties

Explosive limits

No additional information available

1/1/2017 EN (English) 4/9

No data available

: No data available





SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable at normal handling and storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Welding fumes and gases cannot be classified simply. The composition and quantity of both are dependent upon the metal being welded, the process, procedure and welding consumables used. Other conditions which also influence the composition and quantity of the fumes and gases to which workers may be exposed include: coating on the metal being welded (i.e. paint, painting, galvanizing), the number of welders, the volume of the work area, the quality and the amount of ventilation, the position of the welders head with respect to the fume plume, as well as the presence of contaminants in the atmosphere (such as chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors from the cleaning and degreasing activities).

When an electrode is consumed, the fume and gas decomposition products generated are different in percent and form from the ingredients listed in Section 3. Fume and gas decomposition, and not the ingredients in the electrode, are important. The concentration of a given fume or gas component may decrease or increase by many times the original concentration. Also, new compounds not in the electrodes may form. Decomposition products of normal operation include those originating from the volatilization, reaction or oxidation of the materials shown in Section 3, plus those from the base metal coating, etc., as noted above. Reasonable expected fume constituents of this product would include: Complex oxides of iron, manganese, silicon, nickel, copper, carbon dioxide, and some products will also contain aluminum, magnesium, and or zirconium. Fume limit for nickel or manganese may be reached before limit of 5 mg/m3 of general welding fumes is reached.

Gaseous reaction products may include carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Ozone and nitrogen oxides may be formed by the radiation from the arc. Determine the composition and quantity of fumes and gases to which workers are exposed by taking an air sample from inside the welder's helmet if worn or in the worker's breathing zone. Improve ventilation if exposures are not below limits. See ANSI/AWS F1.1, F1.3 and F1.5, available from the American Welding Society, 550 N.W. LeJeune Road, Miami, FL 33126.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

,	
Iron (7439-89-6)	
LD50 oral rat	984 mg/kg
ATE (oral)	984.000 mg/kg
Nickel (7440-02-0)	
LD50 oral rat	> 9000 mg/kg
Silver (7440-22-4)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Tin (7440-31-5)	
LD50 oral rat	700 mg/kg
Manganese (7439-96-5)	
ATE (oral)	900000.000 mg/kg
Silicon (7440-21-3)	
ATE (oral)	3160.000 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer.

1/1/2017 EN (English) 5/9





Nickel (7440-02-0)		
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans	
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	3 - Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen	

Lead (7439-92-1)	
IARC group	2A - Probably carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	3 - Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated

exposure)

: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Nickel (7440-02-0)		
LC50 fishes 1	> 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)	
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	0.18 mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	
LC50 fish 2	1.3 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio [semi-static])	
EC50 Daphnia 2 1 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])		
EC50 other aquatic organisms 2	0.174 - 0.311 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata [static])	

Silver (7440-22-4)		
LC50 fishes 1	0.00155 - 0.00293 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])	
EC50 Daphnia 1 0.00024 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])		
LC50 fish 2	0.0062 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-through])	

Lead (7439-92-1)		
LC50 fishes 1	0.44 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio [semi-static])	
EC50 Daphnia 1 600 μg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: water flea)		
LC50 fish 2	1.17 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-through])	

Copper (7440-50-8)		
LC50 fishes 1	0.0068 - 0.0156 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.03 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])	
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1 0.0426 - 0.0535 mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella subca		
LC50 fish 2 < 0.3 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])		
EC50 other aquatic organisms 2	0.031 - 0.054 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata [static])	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No additional information available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No additional information available

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

1/1/2017 EN (English) 6/9





SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT / ADR / RID / ADNR / IMDG / ICAO / IATA

14.1. UN number

Not a dangerous good in sense of transport regulations

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Aluminum (7429-90-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)

SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1.0 % (dust or fume only)

Iron (7439-89-6)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Nickel (7440-02-0)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)

SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 0.1 %

Silver (7440-22-4)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)

SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1.0 %

Tin (7440-31-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Lead (7439-92-1)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)

SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 0.1 %

Copper (7440-50-8)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)

SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1.0 %

Manganese (7439-96-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)

SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting

1.0 %

Silicon (7440-21-3)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2. US State regulations

Nickel (7440-02-0)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes				

Lead (7439-92-1)				
U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	No significance risk level
Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	(NSRL)
Carcinogens List	Developmental Toxicity	Reproductive Toxicity -	Reproductive Toxicity - Male	
	·	Female		

1/1/2017 EN (English) 7/9





Lead (7439-92-1)				
Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	

Aluminum (7429-90-5)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Minnesota Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Nickel (7440-02-0)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Minnesota Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Silver (7440-22-4)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Minnesota Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Tin (7440-31-5)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Minnesota Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Lead (7439-92-1)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Minnesota Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Copper (7440-50-8)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Minnesota Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Manganese (7439-96-5)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Minnesota Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Silicon (7440-21-3)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Minnesota Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information

: We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this SDS. As the condition or methods of use are beyond Oxford Alloys, Inc. control, Oxford Alloys, Inc. does not assume any responsibility and expressly disclaim any liability for any use of this material. Information contained herein is believed to be true and accurate but all statements or suggestions are made without any warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy of the information, the hazard connected with the use of this material or the results to be obtained for use thereof. It is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of these products.

Full text of H-phrases:

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — AcuteHazard, Category 1

1/1/2017 EN (English) 8/9



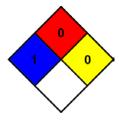
Bronze Alloys Safety Data Sheet

Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 2
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity, Category 1B
Skin Sens. 1	Sensitisation — Skin, category 1
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Category 1
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H350	May cause cancer
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

: 1 - Exposure could cause irritation but only minor residual injury even if no treatment is given. NFPA health hazard

NFPA fire hazard : 0 - Materials that will not burn.

: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water. NFPA reactivity



HMIS III Rating

Health : 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard Physical : 0 Minimal Hazard

EN (English) 1/1/2017 9/9