

1	PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION
Product Identifier:	0.0002% to 0.01% Nitrogen Dioxide in Air
Synonyms:	Nitrogen Dioxide in Air, NOx gas mix, Calibration gas mix
Common Name:	Nitrogen Dioxide in Air
SDS Number:	NLB 2220
Revision Date:	7/25/2018
Version:	4
CAS Number:	Not Available - Gas Mixture
EPA Number:	Not Availble
RCRA Number:	Not Applicable
Chemical Family:	Gas Mixture
Chemical Formula:	NO2 + O2 + N2
Product Use:	Calibration of analyitical instrumentation
Supplier Details:	NorLab a division of Norco
	898 W. Gowen Rd.
	Boise, ID 83705
Contact:	Quality Dept.
Phone:	208-336-1643
Internet:	www.norlab-gas.com

For Transportation Emergency Contact CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Classification of Substance** 

GHS Classification in Accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS): Physical, Gases Under Pressure, Compressed Gas Health, Acute toxicity, 5 Inhalation

**GHS Label Elements, Including Precautionary Statements** 

GHS Signal Word: WARNING

GHS Hazard Pictograms:



GHS Hazard Statements:

H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated H333 - May be harmful if inhaled CGA-HG24 - SUPPORTS COMBUSTION.

**GHS Precautionary Statements:** 

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P260 - Do not breathe gas.

P281 - Use personal protective equipment as required.

P304+340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P308+313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P403 - Store and use in a well ventilated place.

P410+412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F

CGA-PG05 - Use a back flow preventive device in the piping.

CGA-PG06 - Close valve after each use and when empty.

CGA-PG10 - Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure.

CGA-PG20 - Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction.

### Hazards not Otherwise Classified (HNOC) or not Covered by GHS

Route of Entry: Eyes; Inhalation; Skin;



Target Organs:	Eyes; Cardiovascular system; Respiratory system;		
Inhalation:	Gas mixture contains less than 500 ppm nitrogen dioxide, which can irritate the pulmonary tract. Initial symptoms may include eye and throat irritation, chest tightness, headache, and nausea. Inhalation of high concentrations may cause swelling and fluid retention in the lungs, which can be fatal. Symptoms may be delayed for up to 72 hours following exposure. Mixture contains sufficient oxygen to support life.		
Skin Contact:	May cause irritation. Contact with rapidly expanding gas near the point of release may cause frostbite with redness, skin color change to gray or white, and blistering.		
Eye Contact:	May cause irritation. Contact with rapidly expanding gas near the point of release may cause frostbite.		
Ingestion:	Not anticipated. Product is a gas at normal conditions.		
3	COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS		

Chemical Ingredients					
CAS# % Chemical K	Name				
10102-44-0 0.0002- Nitrogen 0 0.01% 7782-44-7 20.9% Oxygen 7727-37-9 79.09- Nitrogen 79.0998 %	dioxide				

20.9% Oxygen in Nitrogen Indicates an Air Balance.

4	FIRS	ST AID MEASURES		
Inhalation:	MANDATO	REMOVAL FROM THE CONTAMINATED AREA AND IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION IS DRY IN ALL CASES OF OVEREXPOSURE. RESCUE PERSONNEL SHOULD BE EQUIPPED WITH SELF- ED BREATHING APPARATUS.		
	Delayed onset of life-threatening symptoms is may occur.			
	Victims should be carried (not assisted) to an uncontaminated area and inhale fresh air supplement oxygen. Quick removal from the contaminated area is most important. Keep patient warm, quiet competent medical observation until the danger of delayed pulmonary edema has passed (at leas Any physical exertion during this period should be discouraged as it may increase the severity o pulmonary edema or chemical pneumonitis. Bed rest is indicated. Unconscious persons should an uncontaminated area, given artificial resuscitation and supplemental oxygen. Once respiratio restored, they should be treated as above.			
Skin Contact:	Remove contaminated clothing and flush affected area with large quantities of water. If irritation persists or frostbite is suspected, seek medical attention.			
Eye Contact:	PERSONS WITH POTENTIAL EXPOSURE TO NITROGEN DIOXIDE SHOULD NOT WEAR CONTACT LENSES. Flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, holding eyelids open to ensure adequate rinsing. If irritation persists, seek immediate medical attention. If frostbite is suspected, flush eyes with cool water for 15 minutes and obtain immediate medical attention.			
Ingestion:	Not a direct hazard.			
5	FIRE	FIGHTING MEASURES		
Flammability:		Not Flammable		
Flash Point:		None		
Flash Point Method:		Not Applicable		
Burning Rate:		Not Applicable		
Autoignition Temperature:		None		
Lower Explosive Limit:		None		
Upper Explosive Limit:		None		



Fire and Explosion Hazards:

Nonflammable. Cylinders may vent rapidly or rupture violently from pressure when involved in a fire situation.

Extinguishing Media:

Use media suitable for surrounding combustible or flammable materials. Nitrogen dioxide can slowly react with water to form a corrosive solution of nitric acid. Nitric acid is corrosive to skin and metal. Small amounts of nitrogen dioxide present are incompatible with halogenated extinguishing media.

#### Fire Fighting Instructions:

Stop the flow of gas if it can be done without risk. Use water spray to cool surrounding containers. Continue to cool surrounding containers until well after flames are extinguished. Firefighters should wear a full-face piece, NIOSH/MSHA-approved self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive pressure mode and full turnout gear.

Isolate hazard area, evacuate personnel and deny entry to unauthorized/unprotected individuals. Extinguish all ignition sources and ventilate closed spaces and low areas. Personnel entering area should wear appropriate protective equipment including respiratory protection suitable for unknown concentrations. Personnel should not reenter hazard area until nitrogen dioxide has sufficiently dispersed and adequate oxygen re-established. If a leak is in user's equipment, be certain to purge piping with an inert gas prior to attempting repairs. If leak is in container of container valve, contact the appropriate emergency telephone number listed in Section1or call your closest Norco/NorLab location.

7	HANDLING AND STORAGE				
Handling Precautions:	This gas mixture is non-corrosive. Nitrogen dioxide content may cause some corrosion of copper and copper alloys. Teflon is the preferred gasket material for pure nitrogen dioxide.				
	Use only in well-ventilated areas. Valve protection caps must remain in place unless the cylinder is secured with valve outlet piped to use point. Do not drag, slide or roll cylinders. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Use a pressure regulator when connecting cylinder to lower pressure (<3000 PSIG) piping or systems. Do not heat cylinder by any means to increase the discharge rate of product from the cylinder. Use a check valve or trap in the discharge line to prevent hazardous backflow into the cylinder.				
	For additional recommendations, consult Compressed Gas Association Pamphlets P-1.				
	Never carry a compressed gas cylinder or a container of a gas in cryogenic liquid from in an enclosed space such as a car trunk, van or station wagon. A leak can result in toxic exposure.				
Storage Requirements:	Protect cylinders from physical damage. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from heavy traffic areas and emergency exits. Do not allow the temperature where cylinders are stored to exceed 125 degrees F (52 degrees C). Cylinders should be stored upright and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Use a "first in-first out" inventory system to prevent full cylinders from being stored for excessive periods of time.				
8	EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION				
Engineering Controls:	All ventilation should be designed in accordance with OSHA standard (29 CFR 1910.94). Use local exhaust at filling zones and where leakage and dust formation is probable. Use mechanical (general) ventilation for storage areas. Use appropriate ventilation as required to keep Exposure limits in Air below TLV & PEL limits. Maintain atmospheric Oxygen content at or above 19.5%				
Personal Protective Equipment:	Nitrogen dioxide cas#:(10102-44-0) [0.0002-0.01%] Oxygen cas#:(7782-44-7) [20.9%] Nitrogen cas#:(7727-37-9) [79.09-79.0998%]				
	Personal protective equipment				
	Respiratory protection: Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type AXBEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).				
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Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching gloves outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. Full contact Material: butyl-rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.3 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:Butoject (KCL 897 / Aldrich Z677647, Size M)

Splash protection: Material: Chloroprene Minimum layer thickness: 0.6 mm Break through time: 30 min Material tested:Camapren (KCL 722 / Aldrich Z677493, Size M) data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374 If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an Industrial Hygienist familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

Eye protection: Tightly fitting safety goggles. Faceshield (8-inch minimum). Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin and body protection: Complete suit protecting against chemicals, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Hygiene measures: Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Nitrogen dioxide cas#:(10102-44-0) [0.0002-0.01%]

Components with workplace control parameters

TWA 3 ppm USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) Upper Respiratory Tract & Lower Respiratory Tract irritation Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

- STEL 5 ppm USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
- Upper Respiratory Tract & Lower Respiratory Tract irritation Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

CEIL 5 ppm USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z- 1 - Limits for Air Contaminants 9 mg/m3

The value in mg/m3 is approximate. Ceiling limit is to be determined from breathing-zone air samples

- STEL 1 ppm USA. OSHA TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants 1910.1000
- 1.8 mg/m3
- STEL 1 ppm USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits 1.8 mg/m3



9	PHYS	PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES				
Appearance:	Color	Colorless Gas				
Physical State:	Gas		Odor:	Acidic odor		
Odor Threshold:	0.1 to	0.4 PPM for Nitrogen Dioxide	Molecular Formula:	NO2 in Air		
Particle Size:	Not A	pplicable	Solubility:	Very slightly soluble		
Specific Gravity or Density:	0.906	Air =1	Softening Point:	Not Applicable		
Viscosity:	Not A	pplicable	Percent Volatile:	100%		
Boiling Point:	Not D	etermined	Freezing or Melting Point:	Not Determined		
Flammability:	Not F	lammable	Flash Point:	Not Determined		
10	STAB	STABILITY AND REACTIVITY				
Chemical Stability:		Product is stable under norma	I conditions.			
Conditions to Avoldentification:		Nitrogen Dioxide reacts with water to form nitric acid.				
Materials to Avoldentification:		Nitrogen dioxide is not compatible with strong bases, strong oxidizers, alkali metals, alkali earth metals and powdered metals. Avoid combustible materials, water, chlorinated hydrocarbons, carbon disulfide, and ammonia.				
Hazardous Decomposition:		Toxic fumes of nitroxides.				
Hazardous Polymerization:		Will not occur.				
11	τοχια	TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION				
Nitrogen dioxide cas#:(10102-44-0) [0.0002-0.01%]						
Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity: Oral LD50 no data available Inhalation LC50						

Inhalation LC50 Dermal LD50 Other information on acute toxicity Skin corrosion/irritation: no data available Serious eye damage/eye irritation: no data available Respiratory or skin sensitization: no data available Germ cell mutagenicity: no data available Carcinogenicity: IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC. NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP. OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA. Reproductive toxicity: no data available Teratogenicity: no data available Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Globally Harmonized System):no data available Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Globally Harmonized System):no data available Aspiration hazard: no data available Potential health effects: Inhalation May be fatal if inhaled. Material is extremely destructive to the tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed. Skin May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes skin burns. Eyes Causes eye burns. Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: Inhalation of vapors may cause:, rhinitis, pharyngitis, Cyanosis, respiratory failure, Coma., Unconsciousness, death, weight loss, drop in blood pressure, loss of sense of smell, Amnesia. Synergistic effects: no data available Additional Information:RTECS: QW9800000

Oxygen cas#:(7782-44-7) [20.9%]

Information on toxicological effects



Acute toxicity: Oral LD50 no data available Inhalation LC50 Dermal LD50 Other information on acute toxicity Skin corrosion/irritation: no data available Serious eye damage/eye irritation: no data available Respiratory or skin sensitization: no data available Germ cell mutagenicity: no data available Carcinogenicity: IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC. ACGIH: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH. NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA. Reproductive toxicity: no data available Teratogenicity: no data available Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Globally Harmonized System):no data available Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Globally Harmonized System):no data available Aspiration hazard: no data available Potential health effects: Inhalation May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation. Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed. Skin May be harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause skin irritation. Eyes May cause eye irritation. Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: Nausea, Dizziness, Unconsciousness, May be harmful. Synergistic effects: no data available Additional Information:RTECS: RS2060000 Nitrogen cas#:(7727-37-9) [79.09-79.0998%] Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity: Oral LD50 no data available Inhalation LC50 Dermal LD50 Other information on acute toxicity Skin corrosion/irritation: no data available Serious eye damage/eye irritation: no data available Respiratory or skin sensitization: no data available Germ cell mutagenicity: no data available Carcinogenicity: IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC. ACGIH: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH. NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP. OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA. Reproductive toxicity: no data available Teratogenicity: no data available Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Globally Harmonized System):no data available Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Globally Harmonized System):no data available Aspiration hazard: no data available Potential health effects: Inhalation May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation. Ingestion May be harmful if swallowed. Skin May be harmful if absorbed through skin. May cause skin irritation. Eyes May cause eye irritation. Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: May be harmful., Nausea, Headache, Vomiting Synergistic effects: no data available Additional Information: RTECS: QW9700000 **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION** 12

Nitrogen dioxide cas#:(10102-44-0) [0.0002-0.01%]

Information on ecological effects Toxicity: Toxicity to fish LC50 - Tinca tinca - 19.6 mg/l - 96 h.



Persistence and degradability: no data available Bioaccumulative potential: no data available Mobility in soil: no data available PBT and vPvB assessment: no data available Other adverse effects: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal. Harmful to aquatic life.

Oxygen cas#:(7782-44-7) [20.9%]

Information on ecological effects Toxicity: no data available Persistence and degradability: no data available Bioaccumulative potential: no data available Mobility in soil: no data available PBT and vPvB assessment: no data available Other adverse effects: no data available

Nitrogen cas#:(7727-37-9) [79.09-79.0998%]

Information on ecological effects Toxicity: no data available Persistence and degradability: no data available Bioaccumulative potential: no data available Mobility in soil: no data available PBT and vPvB assessment: no data available Other adverse effects: no data available

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#### DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Do not attempt to dispose of waste or unused quantities in returnable cylinders. Return in the shipping container, properly labeled, with any valve outlet plugs or caps secure and valve protection cap in place to NorLab for proper disposal. Non-refillable containers should be vented in a well-ventilated area then disposed of in compliance with local regulations, or returned to NorLab.

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### TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN1956, Compressed gas, n.o.s., 2.2 Proper Shipping Name US: UN 1956, Compressed Gas N.O.S., (Nitrogen Dioxide, Air), 2.2

Proper Shipping Name Canada: UN1956, Compressed Gas, N.O.S., (Nitrogen Dioxide, Air), 2.2





### REGULATORY INFORMATION

Component (CAS#) [%] - CODES

RQ(10LBS), Nitrogen dioxide (10102-44-0) [0.0002-0.01%] ACUTERCRA, CERCLA, CSWHS, EHS302, MASS, NJEHS, NJHS, OSHAPSM, OSHAWAC, PA, TSCA, TXAIR, TXHWL

Oxygen (7782-44-7) [20.9%] MASS, PA, TSCA

Nitrogen (7727-37-9) [79.09-79.0998%] MASS, PA, TSCA

### Regulatory CODE Descriptions

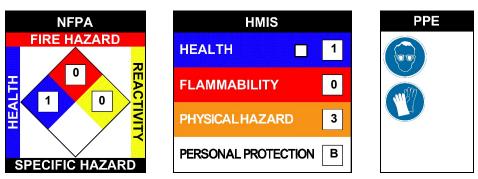
RQ = Reportable Quantity ACUTERCRA = RCRA Acute Hazardous Wastes (P-List) CERCLA = Superfund clean up substance CSWHS = Clean Water Act Hazardous substances EHS302 = Extremely Hazardous Substance MASS = MA Massachusetts Hazardous Substances List NJEHS = NJ Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances NJHS = NJ Right-to-Know Hazardous Substances OSHAPSM = OSHA Chemicals Requiring process safety management OSHAWAC = OSHA Workplace Air Contaminants PA = PA Right-To-Know List of Hazardous Substances TSCA = Toxic Substances Control Act TXAIR = TX Air Contaminants with Health Effects Screening Level TXHWL = TX Hazardous Waste List

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**OTHER INFORMATION** 

NFPA:Health = 1, Fire = 0, Reactivity = 0, Specific Hazard = n/aHMIS III:Health = 1, Fire = 0, Physical Hazard = 3HMIS PPE:B - Safety Glasses, Gloves



#### **Disclaimer:**

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### Revision Date: 7/25/2018