

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

**Product identifier** Dykem® Transparent Stain Aerosol - Steel Blue

**Other means of identification**

**Part Number** 80000

**Recommended use** Staining colors

**Recommended restrictions** None known.

**Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information**

**Manufacturer**

**Company name** ITW Pro Brands

**Address** 805 E. Old 56 Highway  
Olathe, KS 66061

**Country** (U.S.A.)

Tel: +1 800-443-9536

**In Case of Emergency** 1-800-535-5053 (Infotrac)

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

<b>Physical hazards</b>	Flammable aerosols	Category 1
	Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas
<b>Health hazards</b>	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Not classified.	
<b>OSHA defined hazards</b>	Not classified.	

**Label elements**



**Signal word** Danger

**Hazard statement** Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes serious eye damage. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer.

**Precautionary statement**

**Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid breathing gas. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

**Response**

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

**Storage**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

**Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

**Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)**

None known.

**Supplemental information**

None.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Mixtures**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Ethyl Alcohol		64-17-5	30 - 40
Butyl Acetate		123-86-4	20 - 30
Petroleum gases, Liquefied, Sweetened		68476-86-8	20 - 30
Butanol Normal		71-36-3	5 - 10
Cellulose Nitrate		9004-70-0	1 - 5
Diacetone Alcohol		123-42-2	1 - 5
Isopropanol		67-63-0	1 - 5
Propyl Acetate		109-60-4	1 - 3
Shellac		9000-59-3	1 - 3
Basic Green 4		18015-76-4	0.1 - 1
Basic Violet 1		8004-87-3	0.1 - 1

#### 4. First-aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Not likely, due to the form of the product. In the unlikely event of swallowing contact a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth.
<b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Coughing.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
<b>General information</b>	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

#### 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Do not move cargo or vehicle if cargo has been exposed to heat. If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in flame. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing gas. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.

Large Spills: Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Scoop up used absorbent into drums or other appropriate container. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

### Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not get this material in contact with eyes. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

#### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Butanol Normal (CAS 71-36-3)	PEL	300 mg/m3 100 ppm
Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	PEL	710 mg/m3 150 ppm
Diacetone Alcohol (CAS 123-42-2)	PEL	240 mg/m3 50 ppm
Ethyl Alcohol (CAS 64-17-5)	PEL	1900 mg/m3 1000 ppm

**US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

Components	Type	Value
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	PEL	980 mg/m3
		400 ppm
Propyl Acetate (CAS 109-60-4)	PEL	840 mg/m3
		200 ppm

**US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

Components	Type	Value
Butanol Normal (CAS 71-36-3)	TWA	20 ppm
Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	150 ppm
	TWA	50 ppm
Diacetone Alcohol (CAS 123-42-2)	TWA	50 ppm
Ethyl Alcohol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1000 ppm
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	400 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm
Propyl Acetate (CAS 109-60-4)	STEL	150 ppm
	TWA	100 ppm

**US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards**

Components	Type	Value
Butanol Normal (CAS 71-36-3)	Ceiling	150 mg/m3
		50 ppm
Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)	STEL	950 mg/m3
		200 ppm
	TWA	710 mg/m3
Diacetone Alcohol (CAS 123-42-2)	TWA	150 ppm
		240 mg/m3
Ethyl Alcohol (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA	50 ppm
		1900 mg/m3
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	1000 ppm
		1225 mg/m3
	TWA	500 ppm
		980 mg/m3
Propyl Acetate (CAS 109-60-4)	STEL	400 ppm
		1050 mg/m3
	TWA	250 ppm
		840 mg/m3
		200 ppm

**Biological limit values****ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	40 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

## Exposure guidelines

### US - California OELs: Skin designation

Butanol Normal (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

### US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Butanol Normal (CAS 71-36-3)

Skin designation applies.

### US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Butanol Normal (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

### US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Butanol Normal (CAS 71-36-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

## Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

## Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

### Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

### Skin protection

#### Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

#### Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

### Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

### Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

## General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

#### Physical state

Gas.

#### Form

Aerosol.

#### Color

Blue.

### Odor

Sweet. Solvent.

### Odor threshold

Not available.

### pH

Not available.

### Melting point/freezing point

Not available.

### Initial boiling point and boiling range

170 - 257 °F (76.67 - 125 °C)

### Flash point

53.0 °F (11.7 °C)

### Evaporation rate

< 1 (BuAc = 1)

### Flammability (solid, gas)

Flammable gas.

### Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

#### Flammability limit - lower (%)

1.4 %

#### Flammability limit - upper (%)

19 %

#### Explosive limit - lower (%)

Not available.

#### Explosive limit - upper (%)

Not available.

### Vapor pressure

Not available.

### Vapor density

> 1 (air = 1)

### Relative density

Not available.

### Solubility(ies)

#### Solubility (water)

Negligible

### Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not available.

<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not explosive.
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	Not oxidizing.
<b>VOC</b>	8703A Dk Blue/Steel Blue: 95.59%, 808 g/L

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Contact with incompatible materials.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Strong oxidizing agents. Alkaline metals. Nitrates.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Carbon oxides.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
<b>Skin contact</b>	No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye damage.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.
<b>Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics</b>	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Coughing.

### Information on toxicological effects

<b>Acute toxicity</b>	Not expected to be acutely toxic.
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Components	Species	Test Results
Butanol Normal (CAS 71-36-3)		
<u><b>Acute</b></u>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg
Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)		
<u><b>Acute</b></u>		
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	14000 mg/kg
Diacetone Alcohol (CAS 123-42-2)		
<u><b>Acute</b></u>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 1900 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Ethyl Alcohol (CAS 64-17-5)		
<u><b>Acute</b></u>		
<b>Inhalation</b>		
Vapor		
LC50	Rat	51 mg/l, 6 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	1200 - 2800 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
Propyl Acetate (CAS 109-60-4)		
<b><u>Acute</u></b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 18000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
<b>Inhalation</b>		
<i>Vapor</i>		
LC50	Rat	32 mg/l, 4 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	8700 mg/kg
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.	
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Causes serious eye damage.	
<b>Respiratory or skin sensitization</b>		
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	May cause cancer.	
<b>ACGIH Carcinogens</b>		
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.	
<b>IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity</b>		
Not listed.		
<b>OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)</b>		
Not regulated.		
<b>US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens</b>		
Not listed.		
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	Possible reproductive hazard.	
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	May cause drowsiness and dizziness.	
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	Not classified.	
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Not likely, due to the form of the product.	
<b>Chronic effects</b>	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.	

## 12. Ecological information

<b>Ecotoxicity</b>	The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.
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Components	Species	Test Results
Basic Violet 1 (CAS 8004-87-3)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 0.047 mg/l, 96 hours
Butanol Normal (CAS 71-36-3)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1897 - 2072 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) 100 - 500 mg/l, 96 hours
Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours
Diacetone Alcohol (CAS 123-42-2)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) 420 mg/l, 96 hours

Components	Species		Test Results
Ethyl Alcohol (CAS 64-17-5)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	7.7 - 11.2 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	> 100 mg/l, 96 hours
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	> 1400 mg/l, 96 hours
Propyl Acetate (CAS 109-60-4)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	56 - 64 mg/l, 96 hours
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.		
Bioaccumulative potential			
Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)			
Butanol Normal			0.88
Butyl Acetate			1.78
Diacetone Alcohol			-0.098
Ethyl Alcohol			-0.31
Isopropanol			0.05
Propyl Acetate			1.23
Mobility in soil	No data available.		
Other adverse effects	None known.		
13. Disposal considerations			
Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.		
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.		
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.		
	D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F D003: Waste Reactive material		
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).		
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.		
14. Transport information			
DOT			
UN number	UN1950		
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)		
Transport hazard class(es)			
Class	2.1		
Subsidiary risk	-		
Label(s)	2.1		
Packing group	Not available.		
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.		
Special provisions	N82		
Packaging exceptions	306		
Packaging non bulk	None		
Packaging bulk	None		
IATA			
UN number	UN1950		
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable		



**Transport hazard class(es)****Class** 2.1**Subsidiary risk** -**Packing group** Not available.**Environmental hazards** No.**ERG Code** 10L**Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.**Other information****Passenger and cargo aircraft** Allowed with restrictions.**Cargo aircraft only** Allowed with restrictions.**IMDG****UN number** UN1950**UN proper shipping name** Aerosols, flammable**Transport hazard class(es)****Class** 2.1**Subsidiary risk** -**Packing group** Not available.**Environmental hazards****Marine pollutant** No.**EmS** F-D, S-U**Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** Not applicable.**DOT****IATA; IMDG****General information**

IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant. DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant. Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers: Ensure that containers are firmly secured. Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure adequate ventilation. Ensure compliance with applicable regulations.

**15. Regulatory information****US federal regulations**

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

**Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)****TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)**

Not regulated.

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**

Butanol Normal (CAS 71-36-3)

Listed.

Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Listed.

**SARA 304 Emergency release notification**

Not regulated.

**OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)**

Not regulated.

**Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)****SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance**

Not listed.

**SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical**

Yes

**Classified hazard categories**

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)  
Gas under pressure  
Serious eye damage or eye irritation  
Carcinogenicity  
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

**SARA 313 (TRI reporting)**

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
N-BUTYL ALCOHOL	71-36-3	5 - 10

**Other federal regulations****Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List**

Not regulated.

**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)**

Not regulated.

**Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)**

Contains component(s) regulated under the Safe Drinking Water Act.

**FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace**

Butanol Normal (CAS 71-36-3)

Low priority

Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Low priority

Ethyl Alcohol (CAS 64-17-5)

Low priority

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

Low priority

Propyl Acetate (CAS 109-60-4)

Low priority

**US state regulations****US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act**

Butanol Normal (CAS 71-36-3)

Butyl Acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

Cellulose Nitrate (CAS 9004-70-0)

Diacetone Alcohol (CAS 123-42-2)

Ethyl Alcohol (CAS 64-17-5)

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

Propyl Acetate (CAS 109-60-4)

**California Proposition 65**

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to Michler's Ketone, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

**California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance**

Michler's Ketone (CAS 90-94-8)

Listed: January 1, 1988

**US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))**

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

Petroleum gases, Liquefied, Sweetened (CAS 68476-86-8)

## International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

**Issue date** 02-18-2019

**Version #** 01

**Disclaimer** The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. ITW Pro Brands cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.