

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Eliminator 104 – Mist Lube

Supplier: HE&M Inc.

PO Box 1148

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Pryor, OK 74361

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In case of Emergency: INFOTRAC

US and Canada (800) 535-5053

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+01-352-323-3500

Product Description Mist Lube Metalworking Fluid Concentrate

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**GHS Classification** 

Aspiration Hazard - Category 1

**GHS Label** 

Hazard pictogram



Signal word Hazard Statement Precautionary statements Prevention Danger

H304 – May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.



Response P302 + P352 + P362-2 + P363 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap

and water.

Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing

before reuse.

P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several

minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage Not applicable

Disposal P501 – Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all

local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards Defatting to the skin

#### Medical conditions potentially aggravated by exposure

Skin irritation may be experienced when the fluid is allowed to penetrate the skin. Additional skin irritation may be exaggerated when the in use metalworking fluid has been contaminated with tramp oil (hydraulic oil, way lubricants, rust inhibitors, and foreign oils), dissolved metals, or when used too rich. If dermatitis or other skin irritation occurs, use barrier creams or additional PPE as a temporary control measure. Contact your technical service representative for recommendations. If used in operations which are prone to generate mist; ensure mist collectors, splash guards, and the proper ventilation are instituted for all employees in the working environment.

### COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Eliminator 104 is a mist lube composed of a mixture of highly refined USP mineral oil and additives.

Components/Ingredients CAS No. %

White Oil Proprietary <98.0 Polyol ester Proprietary <5.0

N/E = Not Established.N/A = Not Applicable.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES



Eye Irrigate with flowing water immediately and continuously for a minimum of

15 minutes. Get medical assistance immediately. If medical assistance is not available immediately, continue to flush the eye with water for an

additional 15 minutes.

Skin Wash off with flowing water and soap or shower. Remove contaminated

clothing and launder before reuse. If irritation persists, seek immediate medical attention. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even through initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within

the first few hours may significantly reduce the extent of injury.

In the case of swallowing, first aid is normally not required. Seek medical

attention if symptoms or discomfort occur.

Inhalation Effects of inhalation are not established. It is a good practice to remove

victim to fresh air and from further exposure when inhalation occurs. When providing assistance to victim, avoid exposure to yourself or others. If patient

experiences irritation to the respiratory system, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness, seek medical attention immediately. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or moth-to-moth

resuscitation. If irritation persists, consult medical personnel.

Inhalation can occur where high mist levels are generated. OSHA has set PEL of 15 mg/m³ for any particulate as a nuisance level of exposure. NIOSH

has set a REL of 0.5 mg/m $^{\!3}$  for metalworking fluid mist. If symptoms are

experienced, remove source of air contamination.

Carcinogenicity This product is not known or suspected to cause cancer.

May cause additional aggravation to individuals with dry and cracked skin and who are historically prone to defatting. Individuals with sensitive skin are more likely to experience skin irritation. Skin irritation may also be experienced when the fluid is allowed to penetrate the skin. Additional skin irritation may be exaggerated when the in use metalworking fluid has been contaminated with tramp oil (hydraulic oil, way lubricants, rust inhibitors, and foreign oils), dissolved metals, or when used too rich. If dermatitis or other skin irritation occurs, use barrier creams or additional PPE as a temporary control measure. Contact your technical service group for recommendations. If used in operations which are prone to generate mist; ensure mist collectors, splash guards, and the proper ventilation are instituted for all employees in the working environment.

### FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES



Extinguishing Media Water spray, foam, dry chemical, and carbon dioxide are

appropriate extinguishing media. DO NOT use direct

streams of water to extinguish flames.

Hazardous Combustion

**Products** 

Smoke, fume, combustion products of carbon.

Special Fire Fighting

Instructions

Keep people away and evacuate the area. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply. Firefighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self – contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect

personnel.

Unusual Fire or Explosion

Hazards

A flammable mixture may be formed by pressurized mists.

Firefighters should consider protective equipment

indicated in Section 8. Do not use welding or cutting torch on or near drum even when empty. If improperly reused

for other products, it could ignite.

Flash Point (COC) >100°C

Auto Ignition Temperature

Not Determined

Explosion Limits LEL: No Data UEL: No Data

# 6. ACCIDENTIAL RELEASE MEASURES

In the case of a spill or accidental release, notify proper authorities in accordance to regulations. US regulations require reporting releases of this material to the environment which exceed the applicable reportable quantity or oil spills which could reach any waterway. The National Response Center can be contacted at (800)424-8802.

Clear non-emergency people from the area. Inform occupants of the surrounding and downwind areas due to potential toxicity and flammability of the product. Avoid contact with the material. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

To prevent environmental exposure, dike far ahead of liquid spill and follow proper recovery and disposal procedures. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements and confined areas. Empty containers should be disposed of according to all applicable Federal, State and Local regulation or send to a qualified reconditioner.



In the case of a land spill, stop the leak if able to do so without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Recover by pumping or absorbing. In the case of a water spill, stop leak if able to do so without risk. Seek advice of a specialist as geographic and weather conditions may affect the outcome and severity of the spill.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Wash hands thoroughly

after handling. Small metal particles from machining may cause abrasion of the skin and may cause dermatitis. Prevent small spills and leaks to avoid slippery conditions. Use only as recommended.

Storage Store in a closed, properly labeled container.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls The level of protection will vary depending upon potential

exposure conditions. Under normal condition and with adequate ventilation, so special requirements are needed. Provide general or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne

levels below the exposure guidelines.

#### **Exposure Guidelines**

OSHA has set PEL of 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> for any particulate as a nuisance level of exposure. ACGIH has set a TLV of 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> for metalworking fluid mist. ACGIH has set a STEL of 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

### **Personal Protective Equipment**

Eye / Face Protection Use safety glasses. Goggles should be worn when misting is likely.

Skin Protection Chemical resistant gloves should be worn by sensitive

individuals. Sensitive individuals may use protective skin creams.

Respiratory Protection Atmospheric levels should be maintained below the exposure

guideline. For most conditions no respiratory protection is needed. For high airborne concentrations, a proper air respirator should be used. When inadequate oxygen levels are present, use air respirators with an escape bottle. Respirators approved

for dust/oil mist are recommended.





# PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Purple Liquid

Odor: Mild Characteristic Odor

Density (at 20°C): 7.6 lbs / gal Flash Point [Method]: >100°C

Flammable Limits: LEL: N/D UEL: N/D
Autoignition Temperature: Not Determined
Boiling Point/Range: Not Determined

Vapor Density (Air = 1): N/D
Vapor Pressure: N/D

Evaporation Rate (N-Butyl Acetate = 1): N/D

pH (at 10.0%): Not Applicable

Solubility in Water: Insoluble

Viscosity: 100 cSt at 40°C

Freezing Point: <0°C Pour Point: <0°C (32°F)

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid

High energy sources of ignition. Heat/Freezing

temperatures.

Incompatibility with other

Materials

Acids, Caustics, Oxidizers

Hazardous decomposition

materials

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide

Hazardous polymerization Will not occur.

# 11. TOXICOLOGIAL INFORMATION



May cause additional aggravation to individuals with dry and cracked skin and who are historically prone to defatting. Skin irritation may also be experienced when the fluid is allowed to penetrate the skin. Additional skin irritation may be exaggerated when the in use metalworking fluid has been contaminated with tramp oil (hydraulic oil, way lubricants, rust inhibitors, and foreign oils), dissolved metals, or when used too rich. If dermatitis or other skin irritation occurs, use barrier creams or additional PPE as a temporary control measure. Contact your technical service group for recommendations.

If used in operations which are prone to generate mist; ensure mist collectors, splash guards, and the proper ventilation are instituted for all employees in the working environment.

Provide general or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne levels below the exposure guidelines. OSHA has set PEL of 15 mg/m³ for any particulate as a nuisance level of exposure. NIOSH has set a REL of 0.5 mg/m³ for metalworking fluid mist.

Animals exposed to high concentrations of mist developed oil retention, inflammation, and oil granulation in the respiratory tract. Polycyclic aromatic compounds or microbial contaminants that could result in cancer or severe respiratory hazards may form when oils are exposed tot high temperatures or mixed with tramp oils. The base oils are not carcinogenic in animal studies.

Route of Exposure:

Inhalation Toxicity (Rat): LC50 > 5000 mg/m3: Minimally toxic.

Irritation: No end point data. Vapors, mists or fumes may be formed and may cause eye irritation, nose irritation, throat irritation, or irritation t the

lungs.

Ingestion Toxicity (Rabbit): LD50 > 2000 mg/kg: Minimally toxic.

Skin Toxicity (Rabbit): LD > 2000 mg/kg: Minimally toxic.

Irritation (Rabbit): Data available: Irritating to skin.

Eye Irritation (Rabbit): Data available: Irritation and injury to the eye tissue is

seen.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: Not Determined

Mobility: Components are insoluble in water and migrate through soil

Biodegradation: Components are expected to have a low degree of biodegradable



Bioaccumulation Potential: Components have the potential for bioaccumulation. The metabolism or

physical properties of the product may reduce the bioconcentration or

limit bioavailability.

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATONS

Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed controlled burner for fuel value.

In accordance to RCRA, the unused product is not specifically listed by the EPA as a hazardous waste (40 CFR, Part 261D). It is not formulated to contain materials which are listed as hazardous wastes. It does not exhibit the hazardous characteristics of ignitability, corrositivity or reactivity and is not formulated with contaminants as determined by the TCLP.

DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SANITARY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal methods must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations.

Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not refill or clean containers without proper procedures. Empty drums should be drained completely and stored until reconditioned or disposed of. Recycle empty containers. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or exposure containers to heat, flames, or sources of ignition. Containers may explode.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Proper Shipping Name: Not a Hazardous Material

LAND (DOT): Not regulated for land transport Not regulated for land transport

SEA(IMDG): Not regulated for sea transport according to IMDG - Code

AIR(IATA): Not regulated for air transport

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

When used for its intended purpose, this material is not considered hazardous according to the OSHA standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Status: All the components in this material are listed under TSCA inventory.

EPCRA: Components are not considered extremely hazardous.



EPA SARA Title 302: None

EPA Section 304 CERCLA Hazardous CAS # Description % Weight CERCLA RQ

Substance: None

EPA Section (311/312) Reportable Immediate Health

Hazard Categories

EPA Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: None

#### STATE RIGHT TO KNOW

Many states have enacted Community Right-To-Know laws which require information beyond that mandated by federal laws. Since some of these laws are inconsistent with the federal laws, the information in this sheet may not meet the requirements of every state.

### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Revision Date: May 8<sup>th</sup>, 2013

Revision #: DML-1

#### **HMIS:**



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