Page 1/12

Safety Data Sheet

acc. to OSHA HCS

Printing date 04/30/2021

Reviewed on 09/16/2020

1 Identification

- · Product identifier
- · Trade name: UTP DUR 600
- · CAS Number: -
- · EINECS Number: -
- Application of the substance / the mixture Shielded Metal Arc Welding Electrode The product is a manufactured article in the sense of Article 3 No. 3, 1907/2006/EC (REACh). The purpose of the present safety data sheet is therefore to provide instruction on safe usage of the product.
- Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
 Manufacturer/Supplier:
 voestalpine Böhler Welding Austria GmbH
 Böhler-Welding-St. 1
 8605 Kapfenberg

Tel.: +43/50304/31-0 Fax: +43/50304/71-95193 www.voestalpine.com/welding

voestalpine Böhler Welding USA 1601 Gillingham Suite 110 Sugar Land, TX 77478 Telephone: 281-499-1212 Fax: 832-944-6942 www.voestalpine.com/welding

· Information department:

Research and Development Deniece Fiedler

+43/50304/31-28299; Deniece.Fiedler@voestalpine.com

Procurement/Logistics Chris Smith tel: 281-499-1212 Mobile: 832-520-9040 chris.smith@voestalpine.com

· Emergency telephone number:

NCEC

+1 202 464 2554 (USA, Canada)

+44 1865 407333 (English)

+44 1235 239670 (English, French, Spain)

2 Hazard(s) identification

· Classification of the substance or mixture

Classified according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS), OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations.

Page 2/12

Safety Data Sheet

acc. to OSHA HCS

Printing date 04/30/2021

Reviewed on 09/16/2020

(Contd. of page 1)

Trade name: UTP DUR 600

The Product does not meet the criteria for classification in any hazard class according to GHS. · Label elements · GHS label elements Void · Hazard pictograms Void · Signal word Void · Hazard statements Void · Information pertaining to particular dangers for man and environment: • NFPA ratings (scale 0 - 4) Health = 0Fire = 0Reactivity = 0· HMIS-ratings (scale 0 - 4) HEALTH 0 Health = 0FIRE 0 Fire = 0Reactivity = 0REACTIVITY 0 · Other hazards Results of PBT and vPvB assessment · PBT: Not applicable. · vPvB: Not applicable.

3 Composition/information on ingredients

· Chemical characterization: Mixtures

· Description: Mixture of the substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

 Dangerous 	components:
-------------------------------	-------------

· Dangerous comp	onents:		
CAS: 7440-47-3 EINECS: 231-157-5	chromium		5-12.5%
CAS: 9004-34-6 EINECS: 232-674-9	Cellulose		2.5-5%
CAS: 7440-21-3 EINECS: 231-130-8	silicon	🚸 Flam. Sol. 2, H228	2.5-5%
CAS: 13463-67-7 EINECS: 236-675-5	titanium dioxide	🚸 Carc. 2, H351	0.1-2.5%

4 First-aid measures

- · Description of first aid measures
- · General information: No special measures required.
- · After inhalation: Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints.
- After skin contact: Generally the product does not irritate the skin.
- · After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water.
- After swallowing: Seek medical treatment.
- · Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed No further relevant information available.

(Contd. on page 3)

Page 3/12

Safety Data Sheet

acc. to OSHA HCS

Printing date 04/30/2021

Trade name: UTP DUR 600

• Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No further relevant information available.

5 Fire-fighting measures

- · Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents: Suitable to surrounding conditions
- · Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture No further relevant information available.
- · Advice for firefighters -
- · Protective equipment: No special measures required.

6 Accidental release measures

 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Ensure adequate ventilation Use respiratory protective device against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.
 Environmental precautions: Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.
 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Pick up mechanically.
 Reference to other sections

- See Section 7 for information on safe handling.
- See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.
- See Section 13 for disposal information.

Protective Action Criteria for Chemicals

7439-89-6	iron	3.2 mg/m ³
14542-23-5	calcium fluoride	15 mg/m³
7440-47-3	chromium	1.5 mg/m³
7440-21-3	silicon	45 mg/m³
13463-67-7	titanium dioxide	30 mg/m³
7440-44-0	carbon	6 mg/m³
1309-48-4	magnesium oxide	30 mg/m³
7440-50-8	copper	3 mg/m³
7439-96-5	manganese	3 mg/m³
7439-98-7	molybdenum	30 mg/m³
7440-02-0	nickel	4.5 mg/m³
7440-62-2	vanadium	3 mg/m³
7723-14-0	phosphorus	0.27 mg/m³
7727-37-9	nitrogen	7.96E+05 ppr
PAC-2:		
7439-89-6	iron	35 mg/m³
14542-23-5	calcium fluoride	170 mg/m³
7440-47-3	chromium	17 mg/m³
7440-21-3	silicon	100 mg/m³
13463-67-7	titanium dioxide	330 mg/m ³
7440-44-0	carbon	330 mg/m ³
1309-48-4	magnesium oxide	120 mg/m³
7440-50-8	copper	33 mg/m³
7439-96-5	manganese	5 mg/m ³

(Contd. of page 2)

Reviewed on 09/16/2020

Page 4/12

Safety Data Sheet

acc. to OSHA HCS

Printing date 04/30/2021

Reviewed on 09/16/2020

Trade name: UTP DUR 600

		(Contd. of page
7439-98-7	molybdenum	330 mg/m ³
7440-02-0	nickel	50 mg/m ³
7440-62-2	vanadium	5.8 mg/m³
7723-14-0	phosphorus	3 mg/m ³
7727-37-9	nitrogen	8.32E+05 ppn
PAC-3:		
7439-89-6	iron	150 mg/m³
14542-23-5	calcium fluoride	1,000 mg/m³
7440-47-3	chromium	99 mg/m³
7440-21-3	silicon	630 mg/m³
13463-67-7	titanium dioxide	2,000 mg/m ³
7440-44-0	carbon	2,000 mg/m ³
1309-48-4	magnesium oxide	730 mg/m³
7440-50-8	copper	200 mg/m³
7439-96-5	manganese	1,800 mg/m³
7439-98-7	molybdenum	2,000 mg/m ³
7440-02-0	nickel	99 mg/m³
7440-62-2	vanadium	35 mg/m³
7723-14-0	phosphorus	18 mg/m³
7727-37-9	nitrogen	8.69E+05 ppn

7 Handling and storage

- · Handling:
- · Precautions for safe handling Ensure that suitable extractors are available on processing machines
- · Information about protection against explosions and fires: No special measures required.
- · Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: No special requirements.
- · Information about storage in one common storage facility: Not required.
- · Further information about storage conditions: None.
- · Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

- · Control parameters
- · Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

7440-47-3 chromium

- PEL Long-term value: 1 mg/m³
- REL Long-term value: 0.5* mg/m³ *metal+inorg.compds.as Cr;See Pocket Guide App. C
- TLV Long-term value: 0.003* 0.5** mg/m³
- inh. fraction, *as Cr(III),**metal

9004-34-6 Cellulose

PEL Long-term value: 15* 5** mg/m³ *total dust **respirable fraction

(Contd. on page 5)

US

Page 5/12

Safety Data Sheet

Printing date 04/30/2021

Trade name: UTP DUR 600

Reviewed on 09/16/2020

REL	
	Long-term value: 10* 5** mg/m ³
TIV	*total dust **respirable fraction
	Long-term value: 10 mg/m ³
	-21-3 silicon
	Long-term value: 15* 5** mg/m ³ *total dust **respirable fraction
REL	Long-term value: 10* 5** mg/m ³ *total dust **respirable fraction
TLV	TLV withdrawn
1346	3-67-7 titanium dioxide
PEL	Long-term value: 15* mg/m ³ *total dust
REL	See Pocket Guide App. A
	Long-term value: 10 mg/m ³
Ingr	edients with biological limit values:
-	2-23-5 calcium fluoride
	5 mg/m3: urine Time: prior to shift Parameter: Fluoride (background, nonspecific) 3 mg/L 5 mg/m3: urine
	Time: end of shift Parameter: Fluoride (background, nonspecific) itional information: The lists that were valid during the creation were used as basis.
Exp	
Pers Gen Brea Sele Pen The obse Eye Bod Prote Wea ANS prote	rved. protection: Safety glasses y protection: active work clothing r hand, head, and body protection which help to prevent injury from radiation, sparks, and electrical shock. I Z49.1. At a minimum this includes welder's gloves and a protective face shield, and may include a factors, aprons, hats, shoulder protection, and well as dark substantial clothing. Train the welder not to touch
Pers Gen Brea Prot Sele Pen The obse Eye Bod Prote Wea ANS prote	sonal protective equipment: eral protective and hygienic measures: Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work. athing equipment: Filter P2 ection of hands: ction of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation etration time of glove material exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to rved. protection: Safety glasses y protection:

Form: Color:

Solid According to product specification

Page 6/12

Safety Data Sheet

acc. to OSHA HCS

Printing date 04/30/2021

Reviewed on 09/16/2020

Trade name: UTP DUR 600

	(C	ontd. of page
Odor:	Odorless	
Odor threshold:	Not determined.	
pH-value:	Not applicable.	
Flash point:	Not applicable.	
Flammability (solid, gaseous):	Not determined.	
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.	
Auto igniting:	Product is not selfigniting.	
Danger of explosion:	Product does not present an explosion hazard.	
Explosion limits:		
Lower:	Not determined.	
Upper:	Not determined.	
Density:	Not determined.	
Relative density	Not determined.	
Vapor density	Not applicable.	
Evaporation rate	Not applicable.	
Water:	Insoluble.	
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/wa	ter): Not determined.	
Dynamic:	Not applicable.	
Kinematic:	Not applicable.	
Solvent separation test		
VOC content:	0.00 %	
Solids content:	100.0 %	
Other information	No further relevant information available.	

10 Stability and reactivity

- · Reactivity No further relevant information available.
- · Chemical stability
- · Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:
- No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.
- · Possibility of hazardous reactions Attacks materials containing glass and silicate.
- · Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- · Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- Hazardous decomposition products:

Reasonably expected fume constituents of this product would include:

- Copper Oxide
- copper oxide. Chromoxide.

Nickel oxide.

The present OSHA PEL (Permissible Exposure Limit) - published in the U.S. Federal Register 71, pages: 10099-10385 - for hexavalent Chromium (Cr +6) is 0.005 mg/m3 which will result in a significant reduction from the 5 mg/ m3 general welding fume (NOC) level. It applies to soluble chromates of the types found in covered stainless electrode fumes.

Reasonably expected gaseous constituents would include Carbon monoxide and Carbon dioxide. Ozone and nitrogen oxides may be formed by the radiation from the arc. One recommended way to determine the composition and quantity of fumes and gases to which workers are exposed is to take an air sample from inside the welder's helmet if worn or in the worker's breathing zone. See ANSI/AWS F1.1 and ANSI/AWS F1.2-1992. In order to determine and evaluation of the existing problem areas, the standards EN ISO15011 –parts 1,4 can also be

Safety Data Sheet

acc. to OSHA HCS

Printing date 04/30/2021

Trade name: UTP DUR 600

applied.

(Contd. of page 6)

Reviewed on 09/16/2020

11 Toxicological information

- · Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity:
- · Primary irritant effect:
- on the skin: No irritant effect.
- · on the eye: No irritating effect.
- · Sensitization: No sensitizing effects known.
- · Additional toxicological information:

The product is not subject to classification according to internally approved calculation methods for preparations: When used and handled according to specifications, the product does not have any harmful effects according to our experience and the information provided to us.

Workers exposed to hexavalent chrome (CrVI) are at an increased risk of developing lung cancer. It is also possible that occupational exposure to (CrVI) may result in asthma, and damage to the nasal epithelia and skin. To avoid any risk follow the requirements of the OSHA rule for hexavalent chromium published on February 28, 2006 in the U.S. Federal Register, pages:10099-10385 which established an 8-hour time-weighted average (TWA) exposure limit of 5 micrograms of hexavalent chrome per cubic meter of air (5 μ g/m³). This is a considerable reduction from the previous PEL of 1 milligram per 10 cubic meters of air (1 mg/10 m³, or 100 μ g/m³) reported as Probably Chromium(VI)oxide, which is equivalent to a limit of 52 μ g/m³ as (Cr+6)). This rule also contains ancillary provisions for worker protection such as requirements for exposure determination, preferred exposure control methods, including a compliance alternative for a small sector for which the new PEL is infeasible, respiratory protection, protective clothing and equipment, hygiene areas and practices, medical surveillance, recordkeeping, and start-up dates that include four years for the implementation of engineering controls to meet the PEL.

· Carcinogenic categories

· IARC (Inte	rnational Agency for Research on Cancer)	
14542-23-5	calcium fluoride	3
7440-47-3	chromium	3
13463-67-7	titanium dioxide	2B
· NTP (Natio	onal Toxicology Program)	
None of the	ingredients is listed.	
· OSHA-Ca	(Occupational Safety & Health Administration)	
None of the	ingredients is listed.	

12 Ecological information

- · Toxicity
- · Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available.
- · Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- · Behavior in environmental systems:
- · Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- · Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes: Water hazard class 1 (Self-assessment): slightly hazardous for water
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.

(Contd. on page 8)

US -

Page 8/12

Safety Data Sheet

acc. to OSHA HCS

Printing date 04/30/2021

Trade name: UTP DUR 600

· Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

13 Disposal considerations

- · Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation: Must be specially treated adhering to official regulations.
- · Uncleaned packagings:
- · Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

4 Transport information	
· UN-Number · DOT, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA	Void Void
 UN proper shipping name DOT, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA 	Void
· Transport hazard class(es)	
· DOT, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA · Class	Void
· Packing group · DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA	Void
 Environmental hazards: Marine pollutant: 	No
· Special precautions for user	Not applicable.
 Transport in bulk according to Annex MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code 	Il of Not applicable.
· Transport/Additional information:	Not dangerous according to the above specifications.
· UN "Model Regulation":	- Void

15 Regulatory information

• Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture No further relevant information available.

· Sara

- Section 355 (extremely hazardous substances):
 7440-47-3 chromium
- · Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

7440-47-3 chromium

- 7440-50-8 copper
- **TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):** All components have the value ACTIVE.
- All components have the value ACT
- · Hazardous Air Pollutants

7439-96-5 manganese

(Contd. on page 9)

(Contd. of page 7)

Reviewed on 09/16/2020

US

Page 9/12

Safety Data Sheet

acc. to OSHA HCS

Printing date 04/30/2021

Reviewed on 09/16/2020

7700 4 4 0	abaaabaw.a	(Contd. of page 8
	phosphorus	
Propositie		
	s known to cause cancer:	
	7 titanium dioxide	
	s known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:	
None of the	e ingredients is listed.	
Chemical	s known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:	
None of the	e ingredients is listed.	
Chemical	s known to cause developmental toxicity:	
	e ingredients is listed.	
7440-47-3 7440-50-8		[2
TLV (Thre	eshold Limit Value)	
14542-23-5	5 calcium fluoride	A4
7440-47-3	3 chromium	A4
13463-67-7	7 titanium dioxide	A4
1309-48-4	4 magnesium oxide	A4
	a (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)	
NIUSH-Ca	7 titanium dioxide	
	l elements Void	

16 Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· Additional information:

Recommendations for exposure scenarios, measures for risk management and identification of working conditions under which metals, metal alloys and products made of metal can be safely worked can be found attached. Detailed information can be found on our webpage www.voestalpine.com (Environment, REACH at voestalpine).

Page 10/12

Reviewed on 09/16/2020

Safety Data Sheet

Printing date 04/30/2021

Trade name: UTP DUR 600

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Provide the second of the function of the second of the s			
Conditions under which metals, alloys and metallic articles may be safely welfade WedingBitrang produes times which an after thrank hash and met which metallic articles may be address which, if inhied or swallowed, constable is health hazard. The degree of risk will depend on the composition of the function of the function of the sense metal of a popular is necessary, taking into account the particular dicumstances for the operator and analizing work of the sense metal of apopular is necessary, taking into account the particular dicumstances for the operator and analizing work of the sense metal of apopular is necessary, taking into account the particular dicumstances for the operator and analizing work of the sense metal of apopular is necessary, taking into account the particular dicumstances for the operator and analizing work of the sense sense into all (1) using the information provided by the Safety DBs	Welding Exposure Scenario WI	ES - ENGL EWA2011	
through applying general information and guidelines provided by this exposure scenario and (2) using the information provided by the Safety Data Sheet. Subset in accordance with REACH, by the welding comsumable maintactures. The employer shall ensure that the risk from welding furmes to the safety and health of workers is eliminated or reduced to a minimum. The following principle shall be applicable process-material combinations with the lowest class, whenever possible. Second after all process with the process material combinations with the lowest class, whenever possible. A Work the relevant personal protective explorement in accordance with the duty cycle. In addition, compliance with the National Regulations regarding the exposure to welding furmes of welders and related personal reduction measures: Sigo 4063 EN ISO 15012-1:2004 Healt Market Second Seco	Conditions u Welding/Brazing produces fumes particles which, if inhaled or sw concentration of the fume and du consumables being used, coatin activities. A systematic approach	Inder which metals, alloys and metallic articles may be safely welded which can affect human health and the environment. Fumes are a varying mixture of airborne gases and fine vallowed, constitute a health hazard. The degree of risk will depend on the composition of the fume, uration of exposure. The fume composition is dependent upon the material being worked, the process and gs on the work such as paint, galvanizing or plating, oil or contaminants from cleaning and degreasing to the assessment of exposure is necessary, taking into account the particular circumstances for the operator	
The employer shall ensure that the risk from welding furnes to the safety and health of workers is eliminated or reduced to a minimum. The following process with the lowest class, whenever possible 3- Set welding process with the lowest emission parameter Apoly the relevant collective protective measure in accordance with class number. In general, the use of PPE is taken into account after all other measure is applied Veer the relevant collective protective measure in accordance with class number. In general, the use of PPE is taken into account after all other measures is applied Veer the relevant personal protective explorient in accordance with class number. In general, the use of PPE is taken into account after all other measures is applied Wear the relevant personal protective explorient in accordance with class number. In general, the use of PPE is taken into account after all other measures is applied In decision, compliance with the National Regulations regarding the exposure to welding furmes of welders and releted personnel shall be verified In the table - Risk Management Measures for individual process / material combinations' below, reference is made to the following standards for collective and personal protection measures: - reference National and the minimum air volume flow rate of capito hoods and nozzles - Rel 143:2001 - Respiratory protective devices - Protecting and marking of equipment for air filtration - Part 1: Testing of the separation efficiency for welding furme - nocd Requirements, testing, marking (CH1 - TH2 - TH3) Respiratory protective devices - Protecting allowes incorporating a helmet or a nocd Requirements, testing, marking (CH1 - TH2 - TH3) Respiratory protective devices - Protecting devices incorporating a helmet or a nocd Requirements, testing, marking (CH1 - TH2 - TH3) Respiratory protective devices - Protectit	through applying general informa	tion and guidelines provided by this exposure scenario and (2) using the information provided by the Safety	
In addition, compliance with the National Regulations regarding the exposure to welding fumes of welders and related personnel shall be verified. In the table "Risk Management Measures for individual process / material combinations" below, reference is made to the following standards for collective and personal protection measures: ISO 4003 EN ISO 1001-1:2004 EN ISO 15012-1:2004 EN ISO 15012-2:2008 EN I	following principle shall be applied 1- Select the applicable proces 2- Set welding process with the 3- Apply the relevant collective account after all other measu	± s/material combinations with the lowest class, whenever possible. I owest emission parameter. protective measure in accordance with class number. In general, the use of PPE is taken into ures is applied.	
In the table "Risk Management Measures for individual process / material combinations" below, reference is made to the following standards for collective and personal protection measures: ISO 4053 ISO 4053 ISO 4053 Welding process Reference Numbers according to ISO 4063 EN ISO 15012-12004 Health and safely in velding and alled processes - Requirements testing and marking of equipment testing to the testing and marking of equipment for air fittedion - Part 2: Determination of the minimum air volume flow rate of captor hoods and nozzies EN ISO 15012-22008 Health and safely in velding and alled processes - Requirements, testing, marking (FP 1-72) EN 149:2001 Respiratory protective devices - Filtering half masks to protect against particles - Requirements, testing, marking (FP 1-72). The PP - FFP 2- FFP	In addition, compliance with the	na n	
ISO 4063 Welding process Reference Numbers according to ISO 4063 EN ISO 5012-1:2004 Health and safety in welding and alled processes - Requirements testing and marking of equipment or air filtration - Part 1: Testing of the separation efficiency for welding thme EN ISO 15012-1:2008 Health and safety in welding and alled processes - Requirements, testing and marking of equipment for air filtration - Part 2: Determination of the minimum air volume flow rate of captor hoods and nozzes EN 149:2001 Respiratory protective devices - Light duty construction compressed air line breathing apparatus incorporating a helmet or a hood. Requirements, testing, marking (IDH - LDH2 - LDH3), EN 1235:2000 EN 129:211:980 Respiratory protective devices - Light duty construction compressed air line breathing apparatus incorporating a helmet or a hood. Requirements, testing, marking (IDH - LDH2 - LDH3), EN 143:2000 EN 143:2000 Respiratory protective devices - Powered filtering devices incorporating a helmet or a hood. Requirements, testing, marking (IDH - LDH2 - LDH3), EN 143:2000 BGR 190 Respiratory protective devices - Particle filters - Requirements, testing, marking (IPH - LDH2 - LDH3), EN 143:2000 TRGS 528 Schweisstechnische Arbeiten (Technische Regel für Sicherheit und Gesundheit ei device devices / material combinations", reference is made to footnotes. Tr GGs 528 Schweisstechnische Arbeiten (Technische Regel für Sicherheit und Gesundheit ei devicet devices / material combinations with the lowest value. Identified collective and inangement masapprent massures shall	In the table "Risk Management N		
EN ISO 15012-2:2008 Health and safety in welding and allied processes - Requirements, testing and marking of equipment for air filtration - Pat 2: Determination of the minimum air volume flow rate of captor hoods and nozzies EN 149:2001 Respiratory protective devices - Filtering half masks to protect against particles - Requirements, testing, marking (FFP1 - FFP2 - FFP3) EN 1835:2000 Respiratory protective devices. Light duty construction compressed air line breathing apparatus incorporating a helmet or a hood. Requirements, testing, marking (DH1 - LDH2 - LDH3). EN 143:2000 Respiratory protective devices. Proteed filtering devices incorporating a helmet or a hood. Requirements, testing, marking (DH1 - LDH2 - LDH3). EN 143:2000 Respiratory protective devices. Proteed filtering devices incorporating a helmet or a hood. Requirements, testing, marking (P1, P2, P3) Directive 1989/24/EC Article 5.2 on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work BGR 190 Benutzung von Alemschutzgeraten (Berufsgenossenschaftliche Regel für Sicherheit und Gesundheit bei der Arbeit) TRGS 528 Schweisstechnische Arbeiten (Technische Regel für Gefahrstoffe) Also in the table "Risk Management Measures for individual process / material combinations", reference is made to footnotes. * Class: approximate ranking to miligate risk by selecting process/material combinations with the lowest value. Identified collective ad individual star measures shall be applied	ISO 4063	Welding process Reference Numbers according to ISO 4063 Health and safety in welding and allied processes - Requirements testing and marking of equipment	
EN 149:2001 Respiratory protective devices - Filtering half masks to protect against particles - Requirements, tasing, marking (FFP 1 - FFP 2 - FFP3) EN 1835:2000 Respiratory protective devices. Light duty construction compressed ail line breathing apparatus incorporating a helmet or a hood. Requirements, testing, marking (LDH 1 - LDH 2 - LDH3). EN 143:2000 Respiratory protective devices. Powered filtering devices incorporating a helmet or a hood. Requirements, testing, marking (TH - TH2 - TH3). EN 143:2000 Respiratory protective devices - Particle filters - Requirements, testing, marking (P1, P2, P3) Directive 1999/24/EC Article 5.2 on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work be device Arbeiten (Technische Regel für Sicherheit und Gesundheit bei der Arbeit) TRGS 528 Schweisstechnische Arbeiten (Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe) Also in the table "Risk Management Measures for individual process/material combinations", reference is made to footnotes. * Class: approximate ranking to mitigate risk by selecting process/material combinations with the lowest value. Identified collective and individual risk management measures shall be applied * Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) required avoiding exceeding the National Exposure Limit Value (DC: Duty cycle expressed on 8 hours) * General Ventilation (GV) Low. With additional Local Exhaust Ventilation requirement is 5-fold * General Ventilation (GV) Medium (double compared to Low) * Filtrating half mask (FFF2) </td <td>EN ISO 15012-2:2008</td> <td>Health and safety in welding and allied processes - Requirements, testing and marking of equipment for air filtration - Part 2: Determination of the minimum air volume flow rate of captor hoods and</td> <td></td>	EN ISO 15012-2:2008	Health and safety in welding and allied processes - Requirements, testing and marking of equipment for air filtration - Part 2: Determination of the minimum air volume flow rate of captor hoods and	
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Welding Exposure Scenario WES - ENGL

Page 11/12

Safety Data Sheet

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Trade name: UTP DUR 600

Reviewed on 09/16/2020

EWA2011

(Contd. of page 10)

Class'	Process (according to ISO 4063)	Base Materials	Remarks	Ventilation / Extraction / Filtration ¹⁴	PPE ² DC<15%	PPE ² DC>15%
	(Non-confined sp			1
1	GTAW 141					
	SAW 12					
	Autogeneous 3	All	Except Aluminium	GV low ³	n.r.	n.r.
	PAW 15 ESW/EGW 72/73					
	Resistance 2 Stud welding 78					
	Solid state 521					
	Gases Brazing 9	All	Except Cd- alloys	GV low ³	n.r.	n.r.
11	GTAW 141	Aluminium	n.a.	GV medium ⁴	n.a.	FFP2°
111	MMAW 111	All	Except Be-, V- , Mn-,			
			Ni- alloys and	GV low ⁷ LEV low ¹²		
			Stainless ⁶		Improved	FFP2 ⁵
	FCAW 136/137	All	Except Stainless and		helmet ¹⁶	
	GMAW 131/135	All	Ni- alloys ⁶ Except Cu-, Be-, V-			
	GWAW 131/135	All	alloys ⁶			
	Powder Plasma Arc 152	All	Except Be-, V-, Cu- ,	1		
			Mn-, Ni-alloys and Stainless ⁶			
			Stainless 6			
IV	All processes class I	Painted /	No Pb containing	GV low ³		FFP3,
		primed / oiled	primer	GV low '	FFP2 ⁵	TH2/P2, or LDH2 ⁸
	All processes class III	Painted / primed / oiled	No Pb containing primer	LEV low ¹²		OF LUH2
v	MMAW 111	Stainless, Ni-,	n.a.	LEV high ¹⁰	TH3/P3,	TH3/P3,
•		Be-, and V-		Let high	LDH3 ¹¹	LDH311
		alloys				
	FCAW 136/137	Stainless,				
		Mn- and Ni-				
	0.1111	alloys				
	GMAW 131 Powder Plasma Arc 152	Cu-alloys Stainless.				
	Fowder Flashia Arc 132	Mn-, Ni-, and				
		Cu- alloys				
VI	GMAW 131	Be-, and V-	n.a.	Reduced (negative) pressured area	TH3/P3,	TH3/P3,
	Powder Plasma Arc 152	alloys		LEV low ¹²	LDH3 ¹¹	LDH3 ¹¹
VII	Self shielded FCAW 114	Un-, high	Cored wire, not	Reduced (negative) pressured area		
		alloyed steel	containing Ba	LEV medium ¹³		
	Self shielded FCAW 114	Un-, high	Cored wire,	Reduced (negative) pressured area	TH3/P3,	TH3/P3,
		alloyed steel	containing Ba	LEV high ¹⁰	LDH3 ¹¹	LDH3 ¹¹
	All	Painted / primed	Paint / Primer containing Pb			
	Arc Gouging and	All	n.a.	4		
	Cutting 8	201	n.a.		1	
	Thermal Spray	All	n.a.	1	1	
	Gases Brazing 9	Cd- alloys	n.a.	1		
			losed system or Confi			
1	Laser Welding 52	All	Closed system	GV medium ⁴	n.a.	n.a.
	Laser Cutting 84					1
VIII	Electron Beam 51	All	Confined space	LEV high ¹⁰ External air supply	LDH3 ¹¹	LDH3 ¹¹

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· Date of preparation / last revision 04/30/2021 / 22

(Contd. on page 12)

US

Page 12/12

Safety Data Sheet acc. to OSHA HCS

Printing date 04/30/2021

Trade name: UTP DUR 600

(Contd. of page 11)

Reviewed on 09/16/2020

 Abbreviations and acronyms: NCEC - National Chemical Emergency Centre (=Carechem24) ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road) IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods DOT: US Department of Transportation IATA: International Air Transport Association EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA) HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA) TRGS: Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (Technical Rules for Dangerous Substances, BAuA, Germany) VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds (USA, EU) PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health TLV: Threshold Limit Value PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit REL: Recommended Exposure Limit BEI: Biological Exposure Limit Flam. Sol. 2: Flammable solids - Category 2 Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity - Category 2 ·* Data compared to the previous version altered.